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# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR § 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.	1921 0010000
First Inventor or Application Identifier	Michael Foulger
Title	Method, System, and Computer Program Product for Propagating Remotely Configurable Posters of Host Site Content
Express Mail Label No.	

## APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents

ADDRESS TO Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
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- ☐ \* Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)  
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)
- ☒ Specification [Total Pages 48]  
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
  - Descriptive title of the invention
  - Cross References to Related Applications
  - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
  - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
  - Background of the Invention
  - Brief Summary of the Invention
  - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
  - Detailed Description
  - Claim(s)
  - Abstract of the Disclosure
- ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 23]
- ☐ Oath or Declaration [Total Pages \_\_\_\_\_]
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[Note Box 5 below]
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Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR §§ 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b)
- ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked)  
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- ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
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- ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
- ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☐ Power of Attorney
- ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
- ☐ Preliminary Amendment
- ☒ Two Return Receipt Postcards (MPEP 503)  
(Should be specifically itemized)
- ☐ \*Small Entity Statement(s) (PTO/SB-09-12) ☐ Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
- ☒ Other 37 CFR § 1.136(a)(3) Authorization
- ☐ Other

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17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment

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Prior application information: Examiner \_\_\_\_\_ Group/Art Unit: \_\_\_\_\_

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April 18, 2000

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**Box Patent Application**

Re: U.S. Non-Provisional Patent Application under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b)  
Appl. No. To be assigned; Filed: Herewith  
For: **Method, System, and Computer Program Product for Propagating  
Remotely Configurable Posters of Host Site Content**  
Inventor(s): Foulger et al.  
Our Ref: 1921.0010000

Sir:

The following documents are forwarded herewith for appropriate action by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office:

1. USPTO Utility Patent Application Transmittal Form PTO/SB/05;
2. U.S. Utility Patent Application entitled:

**Method, System, and Computer Program Product for Propagating Remotely  
Configurable Posters of Host Site Content**

and naming as inventor(s):

Michael Foulger  
Peter van Gorder

Commissioner for Patents

April 18, 2000

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the application consisting of:

- a. A specification containing:
  - i. 34 pages of description prior to the claims;
  - ii. 13 pages of claims (55 claims);
  - iii. a one (1) page abstract;
- b. 23 sheets of drawings: (Figures 1, 2A-2D, 3-8, 9A, 9B, 10A, 10B, 11, 12A-12C, 13 and 14A-14C);
3. Authorization to Treat a Reply as Incorporating an Extension of Time under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a)(3); and
4. Two (2) return postcards.

It is respectfully requested that, of the two attached postcards, one be stamped with the filing date of these documents and returned to our courier, and the other, prepaid postcard, be stamped with the filing date and unofficial application number and returned as soon as possible.

This patent application is being submitted under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b) without Declaration and without filing fee.

Respectfully submitted,

STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX P.L.L.C.



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# Method, System, and Computer Program Product for Propagating Remotely Configurable Posters of Host Site Content

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Peter van Gorder

## *Background of the Invention*

### *1. Field of the Invention*

The present invention relates to computer networking and communication, including Web-based communications and commerce.

### *2. Related Art*

The World Wide Web is increasingly becoming the Internet technology relied upon for conducting electronic commerce and communication. The World Wide Web, also called the Web or WWW, has three basic parts: client software, servers and content. Client software runs on a user's computer and, among other things, provides the graphical user-interface through which a user can "browse" or "surf" the Web. Servers (also called Web servers) are computers that provide the content to users through a communication link. Content can be any kind of multi-media, e.g., images, text, animation, motion video, sound, and Java applets.

Communication between a browser and a server is carried out through Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP), Hyper Text Transfer Protocol-Secure (HTTPS) or other Web-compatible protocol. Web content is primarily transferred in Web documents or files, called Web pages, which are addressed by a Uniform Resource Locator (URL). Web pages are often multi-media hypertext documents written in a HyperText Markup Language (HTML) which supports hyper-linking. Data entry in Web pages allows users to make selections and fill-out template or profiles to facilitate user input. For example, scripts are often run on servers

through a Common Gateway Interface (CGI) to implement data entry. Programming languages, such as Java, and plug-ins such as Flash, are also being extended to support data entry on the Web.

These parts are well-suited for electronic communication and commerce between remote users. Indeed, the popularity and use of the World Wide Web has increased dramatically. The number of Web sites and Web pages continues to grow. Accordingly, it has become increasingly important to many Web businesses and services to draw traffic to their site. Advertising revenue, registration fees and other sources of revenue generally increase as the number of hits to a site rises. It is also important for many Web businesses and services that access to the local content on their site be distributed widely. Accordingly, it is important to distribute knowledge about the content of a Web site.

Hyperlinking between Web pages is one way a Web site increases traffic to its site. Hyperlinking alone, however, has disadvantages. For example, consider the case where a remote user with a remote Web page adds a hyperlink to another site, such as, a Web site that provides sports information. The remote user inserts a URL for the sports Web site into his or her Web page (e.g., an HTML document). The URL itself, however, does not provide any significant contextual information or actual information about the content of the sports Web site. A user may provide text to describe the sports Web site, but this information can be soon out of date and may not reflect actual information on the Web site.

Some Web services, such as, search engines attempt to increase traffic to their sites by making available HTML code for logos or search bars to be inserted in Web pages on other sites. FIG. 13 shows an example screen served up at the Google<sup>SM</sup> search engine Web site to facilitate linking. In this case, a user is provided with an HTML code segment (called a snippet) and an image that shows how the snippet will appear on the user's Web page. The user is then expected to cut and paste the HTML code segment into their own Web page. FIGs. 14A to 14C show similar examples displayed at the Northern Light search engine. A

user is provided with a variety of options (logos and search bars) and corresponding HTML code segments from which to select.

In both of these examples, the HTML code segments are predetermined. No real-time configuration or modification can be made by the user prior to cutting and pasting the HTML code snippet. Any configuration of the HTML code segments must be done by the user. In addition, the servers generating the HTML code segments do not facilitate or support real-time configuration based on user selections or preferences. This increases the burden on the user. Users who do not know HTML or how to configure or modify the HTML code snippet are unable to tailor the link as they desire.

What is needed is an invention which remotely and easily propagates access to Web content. Users need to be able to remotely and easily configure in real-time a link to another Web site.

### *Summary of the Invention*

A method, system, and computer program product for propagating access to host site content to remote users over the World Wide Web are provided. Access to host site content is distributed more widely and easily through propagative posters. Remote users can access a host site and configure propagative posters in real-time. A Web code segment corresponding to a configured propagative poster is then generated and sent to the remote user in real-time. A remote user can easily cut and paste the generated Web code segment into the user's remote Web page. Alternatively, the generated Web code segment can be automatically inserted into the user's remote Web page if access rights to write on the Web page are available. According to the present invention, propagative posters also permit users to click on (i.e., select) displayed summary information to access further information about a selected item or topic.

In one embodiment, a Web code segment is generated that includes a propagative poster identifier and a link to the host site. The propagative poster

identifier allows each poster to be identified. For example, the propagative identifier can be a unique poster number. In one embodiment, to enhance security and facilitate URL tracking, a respective private key and a unique poster number are sent through a hash function to obtain a secure fingerprint. The propagative poster identifier is then a combination of the secure fingerprint, the unique poster number and the URL of the remote user that created the poster.

In one embodiment, a propagation poster manager is provided for managing propagation posters of host site content to remote users over the World Wide Web. The propagation poster manager includes a propagative poster configuration module and a propagative poster generator. The propagative poster configuration module hosts a configuration session that allows a remote user to configure a propagative poster of host site content based on at least one configuration selection input by the remote user. The propagative poster generator generates and forwards the propagative poster identifier and the Web code segment to the remote user in real-time.

In one embodiment, configuration is made easy for a user by presenting a series of configuration screens to guide user input. For example, the propagative poster configuration module serves data that enables a first configuration screen to be displayed that includes images of different types of sample posters that can be configured by a user. The propagative poster configuration module then receives a selection by a remote user that identifies one selected type of sample poster and serves data that enables a second configuration screen to be displayed. The second configuration screen has a template for the remote user to configure the selected type of sample poster. The propagative poster configuration module then receives inputs entered in the template. The inputs represent configuration selection inputs made by the remote user. The propagative poster configuration module serves data that enables a third configuration screen to be displayed that includes the first remote user-configured propagative poster. In this way, the remote user can verify in real-time that the user-configured propagative poster is acceptable. After verification, a fourth configuration screen is served that includes

the Web code segment to be copied. In one example, the Web code segment is a HTML code segment that enables a browser to access the remote user-configured propagative poster for display.

According to a further feature of the invention, a propagation poster, initially configured by a first remote user, is easily used by subsequent remote users. The propagative poster generator generates the original remote user-configured propagative poster in response to a hit on the first remote user Web page by subsequent remote user that selects at least a portion of the Web page of the first remote user that corresponds to the generated Web code segment. For example, if the first remote user configured a button or link to access the poster, then a button or link is added in the generated Web code segment. When the second remote user selects the button or link in the Web page of the first remote user, the browser of the second remote user is transferred to the host site. The propagative poster generator then receives the propagation poster identifier and generates data from the host site that corresponds directly to the data presented in the original propagative poster.

According to a further feature, a propagation poster further includes an input portion, such as, a "Make Propagation Poster Now" button. The input portion enables a remote user to make another propagative poster. Another configuration session to create a new poster is then easily initiated by a user by selecting the input portion. For example, the propagation poster configuration module further hosts a second configuration session that allows a second remote user to configure a second remote-user configured propagative poster of host site content based on at least one configuration selection input by the second remote user. In this way, content on a host site is distributed more quickly to a wider audience as users who visit the web page of the first remote user can select and propagate their own posters.

In one embodiment, the propagation poster is periodically refreshed or updated in that the poster is generated based on code executed on current data in the host site content. In one example, at least one configuration selection input



made by the first remote user includes at least one search parameter. The propagative poster generator then generates a propagation poster by first executing a search query of data based on each search parameter to obtain a search result based on current host site content. The propagative poster is then generated which includes the current search result. This executing of the code can occur in real-time at the time any remote user accesses the poster or off-line such as during a periodic maintenance run.

In one example implementation, a propagative poster can be any type of window or image including, but not limited to, a window listing job postings, a window listing resume information, a button or go to link to the host site, a search box to search the host site, or a window displaying data related to content on the host site, such as, statistical information, data reports, etc.

According to a further feature, the propagation poster manager includes a propagative poster tracker. The propagative poster tracker tracks URL addresses of remote users accessing the first remote user-configured propagative poster.

According to a further feature, the propagation poster manager includes a propagative poster maintenance module. The propagative poster maintenance module that generates reports based on propagative poster records and data tracked by the propagative poster tracker.

A further feature is the ability to track which posters are not being viewed and to discontinue the off-line generation of the posters until a remote user attempts to view it again, thereby causing it to be automatically generated as well as putting it back in the automatic generation queue. This feature enables reduction of the overhead of offline generation without disrupting service.

In one example implementation, a storage device is coupled between a server and a Web server. The server includes a propagative poster configuration module, a propagative poster generator, a propagative poster tracker, and a propagative poster maintenance module. The storage devices stores at least the following fields of information related to respective generated user-configured

propagative posters: a propagative poster identifier, a bit map, a non-executable Web code segment, and an executable code. A database is also coupled between the server and the Web server. The database stores propagative poster records that include user profile and tracking information related to respective generated user-configured propagative posters.

Further features and advantages of the present invention, as well as the structure and operation of various embodiments of the present invention, are described in detail below with reference to the accompanying drawings.

### ***Brief Description of the Drawings***

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated herein and form part of the specification, illustrate the present invention and, together with the description, further serve to explain the principles of the invention and to enable a person skilled in the pertinent art make and use the invention.

FIG. 1 is a flowchart of a routine for propagating remotely configurable posters according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGs. 2A, 2B and 2C show configuration screens served during a configuration session according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2D show a screen with HTML text for propagating a poster according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGs. 3 and 4 are block diagrams of a system for propagating remotely configurable posters according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5 is a diagram of a propagative poster identifier and a secure, trackable propagative poster identifier according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 6 is a diagram of a propagative poster record according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 7 is a diagram of example search parameters that can be used in the propagative poster record of FIG. 6.

FIG. 8 is a diagram of a set of records for managing propagative posters according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGs. 9A and 9B are flowcharts of a routine for propagating remotely configurable posters according to one embodiment of the present invention.

5 FIGs. 10A and 10B are flowcharts of a routine for further propagating remotely configurable posters including tracking and profiling, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 11 is a flowchart of a routine for propagative poster maintenance according to one embodiment of the present invention.

10 FIG. 12A is a diagram of an example internetwork environment according to the present invention.

FIG. 12B shows a simplified four-layered communication model supporting Web commerce

15 FIG. 12C is a block diagram of a computer system according to an example implementation of the present invention.

FIG. 13 shows an example screen displayed at the Google<sup>SM</sup> search engine Web site to facilitate non-configurable linking.

FIGs. 14A, 14B, and 14C show example screens displayed at the Northern Light search engine to facilitate non-configurable linking.

20 The present invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings. In the drawings, like reference numbers indicate identical or functionally similar elements. Additionally, the left-most digit(s) of a reference number typically identifies the drawing in which the reference number first appears.

## ***Detailed Description of the Figures***

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## ***I. Overview and Terminology***

5 The present invention provides a method, system, and computer program product for propagating access to host site content to remote users over the World Wide Web (also referred to as WWW or the Web). Access to host site content is distributed more widely and easily through propagative posters. Remote users can access a host site and configure propagative posters in real-time. A Web code segment corresponding to a configured propagative poster is then generated and sent to the remote user in real-time. Propagative posters also permit users to select summary information about an item or topic displayed thereon to access further information about that selected item or topic.

10 The term "propagative poster" refers to any type of poster created and managed according to the present invention. Such a "poster" can include, but is not limited to, any one or more of an image, bitmap, link, button, window, display view, and/or applet.

15 The term "real-time" means information, such as a user input and a host site response, that can be exchanged in a round-trip cycle between a remote user and the host site with little or no delay, such as, within seconds or minutes (any delay being essentially a function of the communication medium and devices connected between a user and the host site).

20 The terms "Web code segment" and "non-executable code segment" refer interchangeably to an segment that can be inserted into a Web page and is capable of being interpreted by a browser. A Web code segment can include, but is not limited to, HTML text.

25 The present invention is described with respect to propagating posters over the Web. The present invention is not necessarily limited to the Web and can be applied in any interactive, computer networking service, including but not limited to the Web.

## **II. Propagating Remotely Configurable Posters**

The operation of the present invention is described first with respect to a routine 100, as shown in FIG. 1. During the description of routine 100, reference is made to example display screens 210, 220, 230, and 240 shown in FIGs. 2A-2D. Propagative poster management is then further described with respect to an example system and architecture shown in FIGs. 3 and 4. Example data structures used in the propagative poster management system of FIG. 3 are further described with respect to FIGs. 5, 6, 7, and 8. The operation of the propagative poster management system 300 is further described with respect to flowcharts shown in FIGs. 9A and 9B, FIGs. 10A and 10B, and FIG. 11.

FIG. 1 shows a routine 100 for propagating remotely configurable posters of content on a host site (steps 110-190).

### **A. Configuration**

First, a configuration session is hosted that allows a remote user to configure a propagative poster (step 110). The configuration session allows the remote user to configure a propagative poster based on inputs or configuration selections made by the remote user. In one example, the present invention serves data that enables a series of configuration screens to be displayed to the remote user. The configuration screens can include templates or forms to further guide input by the user.

FIGs. 2A-2D show one example series of screens for configuring and propagating a propagative poster. FIG. 2A shows a first configuration screen 210. Configuration screen 210 includes images of different types of sample posters that can be configured by user. In this example, four sample types of posters can be selected by a user. The first type is a window that displays job posting information at a host site. The second type is a window that displays resume information at the host site. The third type is a search button that enables

a user to perform a search of data at the host site. The fourth type of poster is a data display window that displays information. For example, a data display representing statistical information about data on the host site can be provided in a propagative poster.

5 A user then selects the desired type of propagative poster from configuration screen 210 and is presented with a second configuration screen 220, as shown in FIG. 2B. Configuration screen 220 allows the user to further configure the content of the propagative poster. For example, if a user selected the job posting type of propagative poster in configuration screen 210, then a  
10 configuration screen 220 is served that allows the user to configure user-specified criteria. As shown in FIG. 2B, a template is provided in configuration screen 220 that allows a user to enter a title for the propagative poster, and to select a job function, type of industry, city, and state information. Pop-up windows can be selected to further guide a user to different types of job functions or types of  
15 industries which can be input. Similar configuration screens are presented when a user selects a resume type of propagative poster. These configuration screens, however, include templates designed to facilitate user input of fields related to resume information, such as user name, start date, years of experience, and location.

20 When anything but the search box type of propagative poster is configured, the configuration screens include one or more templates that allow a user to enter desired search parameters. Finally, when a data window is selected as the type of propagative poster to be configured, configuration screens are presented that allow a user to select the type of data display. For example, a  
25 template can be displayed that allows a user to select the type of data to be displayed (e.g., job or resume type of information), and the type of display format (e.g., statistical summaries, pie charts, bar charts, graphs, tables, and other formats).

30 As shown in FIG. 2C, a third configuration screen 230 is then displayed that shows the user configured propagative poster as it would appear on a web

page. The remote user can then verify that the configured propagative poster is acceptable. In one example, an OK button or other input device can be used to enable the user to indicate that the poster is acceptable.

### ***B. Web Code Segment Generation***

5           After configuration, a Web code segment is generated. First, a propagative poster identifier is generated (step 120). The propagative poster identifier references the configured propagative poster on the host site. In step 130, a Web code segment is generated that includes at least a propagative poster identifier and a link to the host site. The link can be a URL of the host site through which the propagative poster can be accessed. In step 140, the generated Web code segment is forwarded in real time to the browser of a remote user. The generated Web code segment is then inserted into a remote page at a remote site designated by the user (step 150).

10           FIG. 2D shows an example screen 240 that illustrates steps 120-150. Example screen 240 includes an example Web code segment generated according to steps 120-130. The Web code segment is HTML text and includes a propagative poster identifier and a link to the host site. The HTML text is sent over an HTTP link for display in the browser of the remote user (step 140). For example, as shown in FIG. 2D the HTML text can be provided in a box within the screen 240 to enable a user to easily select the HTML text. The user can then cut and paste the HTML text into another remote Web page as described with respect to step 150.

15           Note screen 240 also includes instructions to guide the user to further facilitate easy cutting and pasting of the HTML code segment. Alternatively, the Web code segment can be automatically inserted by the host site into a designated Web page of the remote user. This of course requires that the host site be granted access rights to write on the Web server of the remote user.



The display screens 210 through 240 described with respective FIGS 2A through 2D are illustrative and not intended to limit the present invention. For example, a smaller or larger number of screens can be used. Different types of information and format can be included in screens 210-240 in accordance with the present invention. Any type of user input entry device can be used, including but not limited to templates, forms or other data entry modes.

After step 150, the first or original configured propagative poster is then accessible to subsequent users that visit the remote Web page with the inserted Web code segment. For example, the remote Web page may include a display of the propagative poster itself and/or a button or link to the propagative poster. When a subsequent user visits or "hits" the remote Web page the original configured propagative poster is generated (step 160). Because the inserted Web segment included a link to the propagative poster host site the subsequent user can be hyperlinked to the host site itself through conventional HTTP. The propagative poster identifier drawn from the Web code segment further allows the host site to automatically serve the appropriate propagative poster to the second or subsequent remote user. In particular, an overlay window is generated on the browser of the subsequent remote user that displays the original configured propagative poster.

At this time, the subsequent user is communicating directly with the host site. The host site can generate the original configured propagative poster based on current data at the time the poster is accessed. Alternatively, the host site can display the original configured poster data based on data in the host site at the time the original user configured the poster or at the time when the poster was periodically "refreshed" or updated. For example, the host site may periodically generate and store the configured propagated posters offline as part of a daily maintenance or updating procedure. Regardless, the subsequent user is able to view the poster configured by the original user that includes data on the host site. In this way, host site data is propagated and distributed widely over the WWW.

**C.      *Tracking***

5      The host site can further track information related to the original remote user that configured the propagative poster and subsequent accesses made to the configured propagative poster (step 170). For example URL history information of the original remote user and subsequent remote users that access the propagative posters can be tracked. Click-through information can be tracked. In general, any type of tracking and user profiling can be used depending on what we have access to via the document object model (DOM) and/or other methods. According to one feature of the present invention, the number of accesses made to configured propagative posters and the frequency of the number of accesses made is tracked. In this way more active propagative posters can be refreshed more often.

**D.      *Further Remotely Configurable Poster Propagation***

15      According to a further feature of the present invention a propagation poster further includes an input portion, such as, a "Make Propagation Poster" button. The input portion enables a remote user to easily make another propagative poster. For example, as shown in the configuration screen 230, a propagative poster can include an input portion labeled "click here to get a window for your site" or "make propagation poster now."

20      In step 180, a check is made to determine whether a user wishes to configure a propagative poster. In particular, a check is made to determine whether the user has made a selection to the input portion for making a propagative poster. When a user does wish to configure a propagative poster, a configuration session to create a new poster is then initiated. Steps 110 through 170 are then repeated for the subsequent remote user. In this way, another propagation poster is easily generated for the subsequent remote user. Content on the host site is then distributed even more quickly to a wider audience as users who visit the Web page

of the remote user select and propagate their own posters. When a user doesn't want to configure a propagative poster then routine 100 ends (step 190).

### ***III. Example On-Line Propagative Poster System***

FIGS. 3 and 4 are block diagrams of an on-line system 300 for propagating remotely configurable posters according to one embodiment of the present invention. Propagative poster system 300 includes a host site 302. Host site 302 is coupled through communication links over network 305 to any number of clients of remote users. For clarity, only client 370 of user 1 and client 380 of user n are shown. Client 370 includes a browser 372 and a user interface 347. Similarly, client 380 includes a browser 382 and a user interface 384. A remote Web server 376 is also coupled to network 305. Web server 376 is further coupled to a storage device 377 storing Web page 378. FIG. 4 shows how an example HTML segment 410 generated according to the present invention is inserted into a remote Web page 378.

#### ***A. Host Site with Propagative Poster Management***

Host site 302 includes a propagative poster manager 310, storage device 312, database 314, and Web server 316. Propagative poster manager 310 and Web server 316 are coupled to one another and to storage device 312 and database 314. Storage device 312 stores records related to the content of propagative posters and the management of propagative posters. Database 314 stores data for host site 302, that is, the local content of host site 312. Propagative poster manager 310 further includes a propagative poster configuration module 320, propagative poster generator 330, propagative poster tracker 340, propagative poster maintenance module 350.

Host site 302 can be implemented on any one or more processors. In one example, not intended to limit the present invention, propagative poster manager

310 is implemented on one or more servers. Likewise, Web server 316 can be one or more Web servers supporting Web services. Storage device 312 can be type of data storage device or combination of data storage devices including, but not limited to, a type of memory and/or database. Database 314 can be any type of database (relational or non-relational). Additional databases can be added to accommodate greater capacity. In one example, host site 302 is a Web site that supports on-line employment services, especially for independent consultants and hiring managers who are looking to hire independent consultants. These on-line employment services can include but are not limited to presenting and managing job postings, resume collection, formatting and storage, spidering, and e-mail campaign generation and management. Other servers and modules (not shown) can support these services and provide data for database 314.

***B. Propagative Poster Manager***

Propagative poster manager 310 further includes a propagative poster configuration module 320, propagative poster generator 330, propagative poster tracker 340, propagative poster maintenance module 350. Propagation poster configuration module 320 hosts configuration sessions that allow remote users to configure propagative posters of host site content. Propagative poster generator 330 generates propagative poster identifiers and corresponding Web code segments as described above with respect to Steps 110-130. Propagative poster tracker 340 tracks URL addresses of remote servers accessing the user configured propagated posters and other profiling and tracking information. Propagative poster maintenance module 350 generates reports based on propagative poster records and data tracked by the propagative poster tracker 340. Propagative poster manager 310 (including each component propagative poster configuration module 320, propagative poster generator 330, propagative poster tracker 340, and propagative poster maintenance module 350) can be control logic implemented in software, firmware, hardware or any combination thereof. The operation of the on-

line propagative poster system 300 and in particular propagative poster manager 310 is described further with respect to the example data structures in FIGS. 5 to 8 and the operational flowchart of FIGS. 9A, 9B, 10A, 10B, and 11.

### ***C. Operation***

5 As shown in FIG. 9A, a first configuration session 900 begins when a remote user 1 visits host site 302 (step 912). User 1 enters the URL of host site 302 (in particular, the URL of Web server 316) into browser 372. User 1 is then linked to Web server 316. Host site 302 then through Web server 316 presents different web pages to browser 372 for reviewing by user 1. These web pages can include any type of host site content. In step 914, a propagation poster query is sent. This query for example can be an input portion on a window that indicates "make propagation poster now." Alternatively, a separate window asking the remote user if they wish to configure a propagative poster can be displayed.

10 In step 916, user 1 requests to make a propagative poster. Host site 302 receives the request and sends one or more configuration screens (step 918). In particular, propagation poster configuration module 320 sends one or more configuration screens 210-230 in a configuration session as described above with respect to step 110 and FIGs. 2A to 2C. User 1 inputs desired configuration selections into the one or more screens. Browser 372 then sends the user's configuration selections to host site 302 (step 920).

20 Propagative poster manager 310 then generates and sends a bitmap or text of a configured propagative poster to browser 372 (step 922). Browser 372 then sends a confirmation input by user 1 indicating that the configured propagative poster is acceptable (step 924).

25 Propagative poster generator 330 then generates a propagative poster identifier that includes a unique poster number (step 926). Alternatively, in one embodiment to enhance security and promote tracking propagative poster 330 further includes a hash function generator. Any type of hash function can be used

including but not limited to a one-way hash function such as the MD5 message-digest algorithm (B. Schneier, *Applied Cryptography, Second Edition* (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. United states of America) 1996, pp. 351-354, and R. Rivest, "MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm," Networking Group Request for Comments: 1321 MIT Laboratory for Computer Science and RSA Data Security, Inc., April 1992 (downloaded March 30, 2000)), each of which is incorporated in its entirety herein by reference.

The hash function generator as shown in FIG. 5 receives a respective private key 510, and unique poster number 520. The hash function generator then outputs a secure fingerprint 540. Propagative poster (PP) generator 330 then concatenates the secure fingerprint 540 and the URL of the first or originating remote user to generate a secure, trackable propagative poster ID (PPID) 560 (step 928).

PP generator 330 then generates a non-executable HTML code segment 410 that includes secure, trackable PPID 560 and a link (URL) to host site 302 (step 930). PP generator 330 further generates executable code. PP generator 330 then generates and stores a PP record 600 in storage device 312 (step 934).

FIG. 6 shows an example propagative poster record 600 stored in storage device 312. Propagative poster record 600 includes a propagative poster ID 560, bitmap 620, non-executable code segment 630, executable code 640, search parameter 650, active/inactive flag 660, and originator profile data 670. Bitmap 620 is an image of the propagative poster configured by user. Non-executable code segment 630 represents the web code segment (e.g, HTML segment 410) generated in step 930.

Executable code 640 is executable code that enables host site 302 to generate a propagative poster configured in accordance with the selections of the user based on data in database 314 of host site 302. For example, executable code can include, but is not limited to, Structured Query Language (SQL) or other language that enables a search of database 314 to be performed. Search parameter 650 are keywords, Boolean operators, or other operators that identify a particular

search selected or configured by the user during the configuration of the respective propagative poster. In one example, search parameters can include poster title, job function, zip code and state. FIG. 7 shows an example of search parameters input to obtain a desired resume information type of propagation poster. For example, search parameter 650 as shown in FIG. 7 include field type (P1, P2, P3) and field value (T1, T2, T3) information. Field type P1 corresponds to city information with a value of "Annandale" T1. Field type P2 corresponds to state information with a value of "VA" T2. Field type information P3 corresponds to years of experience with a value "6" T3. In this way, executable code 640 can be executed by host site 302 to search database 314 based on search parameter 650 to generate and refresh propagative poster content.

This example is illustrative only and not intended to limit the present invention. Any number and type of data fields and values can be used as would be apparent to a person skilled in the art given this description. Also, search parameter 650 may not be used for certain types of posters that do not require a search of host site data.

Active/inactive flag 660 is set by propagative poster maintenance module 350 depending upon how frequently a particular propagative poster is accessed. For example, if propagative poster maintenance module 350 determines that no hits have been made to the propagative poster, then propagative maintenance module 350 sets flag 660 to an inactive value. When a hit is made to the propagative poster, propagative maintenance module 350 initiates immediate generation and then sets the flag to active. Propagative poster manager 310 further stores original profile data 670. Original profile data 670 can include profile information entered by the user creating the poster during configuration (or a prior registration session).

Propagative poster manager 310 then sends the non-executable HTML code segment 630 to browser 372 at client 370 (step 936). User 1 through browser 372 then inserts non-executable HTML code segment into a Web page (step 938). As described with respect to step 150, the non-executable HTML

code segment can be inserted manually (e.g., cut and pasted) by a user or automatically by host site 302.

#### ***D. Further Propagation***

The distribution of propagative posters is further described with respect to FIGS. 10A and 10B. Remote user n (e.g. user 2) visits user 1 web page (step 1002). Remote server then interprets HTML code segment 410 (step 1004). Browser 382 is then linked to host site 302 and Web server 316. Propagative poster tracker 340 parses the originating URL (User 1's URL), and secure trackable PPID 560 (step 1006).

PP tracker 340 further tracks the referring URL of server 376. In step 1008, PP tracker 340 checks whether a valid poster ID is obtained. For example, PP tracker 340 decrypts fingerprint 540 with a copy of the private key previously stored in host site 302 and compares it with the unique poster number or ID 520 to determine if the poster ID that is valid. If a valid poster ID has not been sent, then PP tracker 340 ignores the remote user n (step 1010). Otherwise, when a valid poster ID is verified, PP tracker 340 determines whether the URL of remote user n equals the originator URL of user 1 (step 1012). If the URL of remote user n is not equal then PP tracker 340 recognizes that a different user is accessing the poster and stores the URL of remote user n (step 1014) and proceeds to step 1016. Otherwise, propagative poster tracker 340 proceeds directly to step 1016.

In step 1016, propagative poster tracker 340 updates the history information of propagative poster. In particular, the history is updated to indicate that an access to the propagative poster has been made and to provide a history of the accessing URL and time stamp information. As shown in FIG. 10A, after a valid poster ID has been verified in step 1008, and the URL of the accessing remote server 376 has been evaluated in step 1012, and propagative history updated in step 1016, then propagative poster manager 310 serves the propagative poster bitmap 620 in real-time to remote user n (step 1018). Browser 382 then displays to user



n the propagative poster in an overlay window (step 1020). At this time, remote user n is now viewing PP bitmap 620 on host site 302.

In step 1022, remote user n selects an input portion or "make propagation poster" area within PP bitmap 620. Browser 382 forwards this selection to host site 302. Propagative poster manager 310 receives the "make propagation poster" selection including a mouse click represented by a set of screen space coordinates (step 1024). Propagative poster manager 310 converts the selection screen space coordinates to x-y coordinates in bitmap space of the poster (step 1026). Propagative poster manager 310 then evaluates the x-y coordinates in bitmap space to determine if the "make propagation poster" was selected (step 1028). For example, if a small "make propagation poster" label is added at the bottom of a poster the x-y coordinates in bitmap space are checked to see if they correspond to the area of the small label at the bottom of the poster. If not, then PP manager 310 ignores the input or performs other processing (step 1030). If yes, then control is transferred to PP configuration module 320 to initiate a configuration session (step 1032).

#### ***E. Propagative Poster Maintenance***

Propagative maintenance module 350 carries out a routine for propagative poster maintenance 1100 as shown in FIG. 11. PP maintenance module 350 generates reports based on poster records and tracking data (step 1110). Any type of report can be generated based on the information in the poster records and tracking data. Such reports can include but are not limited to reports of each kind of poster that provides information on how many posters reviewed today, how many posters were clicked on today, how many posters were made today, what's the view/click ratio, what are the most active sites that view those site posters, what are the most active sites that generate mouse clicks or searches, what sites generate the most poster creations, what posters are the most popular, and what single poster identifier is on the most sites. PP maintenance module 350 also sets

poster records to active or inactive state depending on use (step 1120). In particular, PP maintenance module 350 sets flag 660 in each PP record 600 to an active state when the poster has been activated on a frequent basis (i.e., at least one hit a day), or to an inactive value if the poster has not been accessed on a frequent basis.

Next, PP maintenance module 350 refreshes propagative posters (step 1130). For example, PP maintenance module 350 searches and identifies each active PP record 600 (with an active flag 660). For each active PP record 600, PP maintenance module executes the executable code 640 based on search parameters 650. Executable code 640 then generates an updated propagated poster image based on current content in database 314. An updated image of the propagated poster is then stored on storage device 312. In other words, it is rewritten over the existing bit map 620. Originator profile data 670 can also be updated based on tracked URL history and/or click-through data.

#### ***F. Example Propagative Poster Record and Tracking Information***

Fig. 8 shows an example propagative poster record data structure 800 according to one example implementation of the present invention. Propagative poster record data structure includes a poster object 810, poster events object 820, poster event object type 830, poster owner object 840, poster type object 850, poster click action 860, poster click definition object 870, poster click action URL object 880, poster parameters 890, and poster parameters type object 892. Each of the objects 810 through 892 are generated and tracked for a respective propagative poster. The different fields and function of each field for each of the objects 810 through 892 is described further in corresponding tables below.

Poster object 810 includes the following fields and content as set forth in Table 1 below.

**Table 1: Poster Object 810**

Field	Content
PosterID	unique poster identifier number
Encrypted ID	encrypted poster identifier
PosterOwner ID	unique poster owner identifier number (pointer to poster object 840)
PosterType ID	number identifying type of poster (e.g., job posting poster, resume poster, search button, or statistical display), GIF or TEXT version of poster, choice of color and size scheme. (pointer to poster object 850)
PosterURL	URL of original user that created poster
PosterHTML	HTML segment that is cut and pasted to propagate poster
GIFName	file name of stored poster (e.g., a hash coded secure, trackable ID filename with a .gif file type extension)
PosterCreateDate	time and date stamp of when poster was created by originator
Active	active/inactive flag
PosterParamsID	number identifying poster search parameters (pointer to poster object 890)
PosterClickActionID	number identifying poster click action parameters (pointer to poster object 860)

Poster events object 820 includes the following fields and content shown in Table 2 below.

**Table 2: Poster Events Object 820**

Field	Content
PosterEventsID	event number
PosterID	unique poster number
PosterEventTypeID	number identifying type of poster event (pointer to poster object 830)
ReferringURL	URL address of site that accessed or "hit" poster
EventDate	time and date stamp of hit on poster

Poster event type object 830 has fields and content as shown below in Table 3.

**Table 3: Poster Event Type Object 830**

Field	Content
PosterEventTypeID	number identifying type of poster event
PosterEventDescriptionID	textual description of poster event (e.g., poster hit, poster viewed for length of time)

Poster owner object 840 includes the following fields and content as set forth in Table 4.

**Table 4: Poster Owner Object 840**

Field	Content
Poster Owner ID	unique poster owner identifier number
PosterOwnerName	name of originator of poster
PosterOwnerEmail	email address of originator of poster

Poster type object 850 has the following fields and content provided in Table 5.

**Table 5: Poster Object Type 850**

Field	Content
PosterTypeID	number identifying type of poster (e.g., job posting poster, resume poster, search button, or statistical display), GIF or TEXT version of poster, choice of color and size scheme.
PosterType Description	textual description of type of poster (e.g., job posting poster, resume poster, search button, or statistical display), GIF or TEXT version of poster, choice of color and size scheme.
PosterClick DefID	number identifying which area corresponds to an input portion on poster for making another propagation poster (pointer to poster object 870)

Poster click action object 860 includes the following fields and content as shown in Table 6.

**Table 6: Poster Click Action Object 860**

Field	Content
PosterClick ActionID	number identifying poster click action parameters
PosterClickDefID	number identifying poster click action parameters (pointer to poster object 870)
PosterAreaNumber1	area number of poster (e.g., one of three areas where banner ads can be placed)
ActionURL	URL

Poster click define object 870 has the following fields and content shown in Table 7. Note points (x1,y1) and (x2,y2) can be two points defining a rectangle (or square) area on a web page in bitmap space. In one embodiment, this set of points defines an input portion where a user clicks to propagate another poster.

**Table 7: Poster Click Define Object 870**

Field	Content
PosterClickDefID	number identifying poster click action parameters
X1	x coordinate of first point in bit map space
Y1	y coordinate of second point in bit map space
X2	x coordinate of second point in bit map space
Y2	y coordinate of second point in bit map space

PosterAreaNumber	area number of poster (e.g., one of three areas where banner ads can be placed)
PosterEventTypeID	number identifying type of poster event (pointer to poster object 830)
PosterClickAction URL	number identifying type of poster click action (pointer to poster object 880)

5                      Poster click action URL 880 includes the following fields and content as  
shown in Table 8.

**Table 8: Poster Click Action URL Object 880**

Field	Content
PosterClickActionURLID	number identifying type of poster click action URL
ActionURL	URL

10                      Poster parameters object 890 includes the following fields and contents and  
shown in Table 9.

**Table 9: Poster Parameters Object 890**

Field	Content
PosterParametersID	number identifying type of poster search parameters (pointer to poster object 892)
ParametersTypeID	number identifying type of poster search
ParameterValue	value of type of poster search

Poster parameters type object 892 includes the following fields and content as shown in Table 10.

**Table 10: Poster Parameters Type Object 892**

Field	Content
ParamsTypeID	number identifying type of poster search
ParamsDescription	textual description of search parameters

Note other information can be tracked including client side variables, such as, screen depth, screen width, platform type, browser, and plug-ins installed on client. Such information and tracking is optional depending upon a particular application or preference of an administrator of propagative poster manager 310.

**G. Detailed Viewing of Information Concerning Data Summarized on a Propagative Poster**

As noted above, a feature of the present invention permits users to click on (i.e., select) summary information displayed on a propagative poster to access further information about a selected item or topic. In other words, a propagative poster allows a user to select summary information about an item or topic displayed on the propagative poster to thereby access further information about that selected item or topic.

In the context of a list of resumes, for example, a user can access details about a resume that looks interesting simply by clicking on a summary of the desired resume displayed in a list of resumes on a propagative poster. As described in the above sections, propagative poster manager 310 converts the selection screen space coordinates to x-y coordinates in bitmap space of the poster. Propagative poster manager 310 then evaluates the x-y coordinates in bitmap space



to determine which resume summary was selected. The system then presents more detailed data corresponding to the resume summary from some host site to the user.

#### ***IV. Example Environment***

5           The present invention can be implemented in any communication network, such as, the Internet, which supports interactive services and applications. In particular, the present invention can be implemented in any Web service, preferably a Web service supporting secure transactions, such as, the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) protocol and/or using a Secure HyperText Transport Protocol (S-HTTP).  
10       In one example, the present invention is implemented in a multi-platform (platform independent) programming language such as Java 1.1. Java-enabled browsers are used, such as, Netscape, HotJava, and Microsoft Explorer browsers. Active content Web pages can be used. Such active content Web pages can include Java applets or ActiveX controls, or any other active content technology developed now or in the future. The present invention, however, is not intended to be limited to  
15       Java or Java-enabled browsers, and can be implemented in any programming language and browser, developed now or in the future, as would be apparent to a person skilled in the art given this description.

20           FIG. 12A is a diagram of an example internetwork environment according to the present invention. FIG. 12A shows a communication network or combination of networks (Internet) 1200 which can support the invention. Internet 1200 consists of interconnected computers which supports communication between many different types of users including businesses, universities, individuals, government, and financial institutions. Internet 1200 supports many different types  
25       of communication links implemented in a variety of architectures. For example, voice and data links can be used including phone, paging, cellular, and cable TV (CATV) links. Terminal equipment can include local area networks, personal computers with modems, content servers of multi-media, audio, video, and other

information, pocket organizers, Personal Data Assistants (PDAs), and set-top boxes.

Communication over a communication network such as, Internet 1200, is carried out through different layers of communication. FIG. 12B shows a simplified four-layered communication model supporting Web commerce including an application layer 1208, transport layer 1210, Internet layer 1220, physical layer 1230. As would be apparent to a person skilled in the art, in practice, a number of different layers can be used depending upon a particular network design and communication application. Application layer 1208 represents the different tools and information services which are used to access the information over the Internet. Such tools include, but are not limited to, telenet log-in service 1201, IRC chat 1202, Web service 1203, and SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) electronic mail service 1206. Web service 1203 allows access to HTTP documents 1204, and FTP and Gopher files 1205. A Secure Socket Layer (SSL) is an optional protocol used to encrypt communications between a Web browser and Web server.

Description of the example environment in these terms is provided for convenience only. It is not intended that the invention be limited to application in this example environment. In fact, after reading the following description, it will become apparent to a person skilled in the relevant art how to implement the invention in alternative environments.

#### ***V. Example Computer System***

An example of a computer system 1240 is shown in FIG. 12C. The computer system 1240 represents any single or multi-processor computer. Single-threaded and multi-threaded computers can be used. Unified or distributed memory systems can be used.

Computer system 1240 includes one or more processors, such as processor 1244. One or more processors 1244 can execute software implementing routine 100 as described above. Each processor 1244 is connected to a communication

infrastructure 1242 (e.g., a communications bus, cross-bar, or network). Various software embodiments are described in terms of this exemplary computer system. After reading this description, it will become apparent to a person skilled in the relevant art how to implement the invention using other computer systems and/or computer architectures.

Computer system 1240 also includes a main memory 1248, preferably random access memory (RAM), and can also include a secondary memory 1250. The secondary memory 1250 can include, for example, a hard disk drive 1252 and/or a removable storage drive 1254, representing a floppy disk drive, a magnetic tape drive, an optical disk drive, etc. The removable storage drive 1254 reads from and/or writes to a removable storage unit 1258 in a well known manner. Removable storage unit 1258 represents a floppy disk, magnetic tape, optical disk, etc., which is read by and written to by removable storage drive 1254. As will be appreciated, the removable storage unit 1258 includes a computer usable storage medium having stored therein computer software and/or data.

In alternative embodiments, secondary memory 1260 may include other similar means for allowing computer programs or other instructions to be loaded into computer system 1240. Such means can include, for example, a removable storage unit 1262 and an interface 1260. Examples can include a program cartridge and cartridge interface (such as that found in video game devices), a removable memory chip (such as an EPROM, or PROM) and associated socket, and other removable storage units 1262 and interfaces 1260 which allow software and data to be transferred from the removable storage unit 1262 to computer system 1240.

Computer system 1240 can also include a communications interface 1264. Communications interface 1264 allows software and data to be transferred between computer system 1240 and external devices via communications path 1266. Examples of communications interface 1264 can include a modem, a network interface (such as Ethernet card), a communications port, etc. Software and data transferred via communications interface 1264 are in the form of signals which can be electronic, electromagnetic, optical or other signals capable of being received

by communications interface 1264, via communications path 1266. Note that communications interface 1264 provides a means by which computer system 1240 can interface to a network such as the Internet.

5 The present invention can be implemented using software running (that is, executing) in an environment similar to that described above with respect to FIG. 12A. In this document, the term "computer program product" is used to generally refer to removable storage unit 1254, a hard disk installed in hard disk drive 1252, or a carrier wave carrying software over a communication path 1266 (wireless link or cable) to communication interface 1264. A computer useable  
10 medium can include magnetic media, optical media, or other recordable media, or media that transmits a carrier wave or other signal. These computer program products are means for providing software to computer system 1240.

Computer programs (also called computer control logic) are stored in main memory 1248 and/or secondary memory 1250. Computer programs can also be  
15 received via communications interface 1264. Such computer programs, when executed, enable the computer system 1240 to perform the features of the present invention as discussed herein. In particular, the computer programs, when executed, enable the processor 1244 to perform the features of the present invention. Accordingly, such computer programs represent controllers of the  
20 computer system 1240.

The present invention can be implemented as control logic in software, firmware, hardware or any combination thereof. In an embodiment where the invention is implemented using software, the software may be stored in a computer program product and loaded into computer system 1240 using removable storage  
25 drive 1254, hard drive 1250, or interface 1260. Alternatively, the computer program product may be downloaded to computer system 1240 over communications path 1266. The control logic (software), when executed by the one or more processors 1244, causes the processor(s) 1244 to perform the functions of the invention as described herein.

In another embodiment, the invention is implemented primarily in firmware and/or hardware using, for example, hardware components such as application specific integrated circuits (ASICs). Implementation of a hardware state machine so as to perform the functions described herein will be apparent to persons skilled in the relevant art(s).

## ***VI. Conclusion***

While various embodiments of the present invention have been described above, it should be understood that they have been presented by way of example only, and not limitation. It will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the appended claims. Thus, the breadth and scope of the present invention should not be limited by any of the above-described exemplary embodiments, but should be defined only in accordance with the following claims and their equivalents.

***What is Claimed is:***

1           1.       A method for propagating a poster of host site content to remote  
2 users over the World Wide Web, comprising the steps of:

3                   (a)     hosting a configuration session that allows a first remote  
4 user to configure a propagative poster of host site content based on at least one  
5 configuration selection input by the remote user;

6                   (b)     generating a propagative poster identifier that references the  
7 user-configured propagative poster;

8                   (c)     generating a Web code segment that includes the  
9 propagative poster identifier and a link to the host site; and

10                  (d)     forwarding the generated Web code segment to the first  
11 remote user in real-time; whereby the generated Web code segment can be inserted  
12 into a Web page of the first remote user to create a first remote user-configured  
13 propagative poster on the Web page of the first remote user.

1           2.       The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

2                   (e)     generating the first remote user-configured propagative  
3 poster in response to a subsequent hit on the first remote user Web page by a  
4 second remote user that selects at least a portion of the Web page of the first  
5 remote user corresponding to the generated Web code segment.

1           3.       The method of claim 2, wherein the at least one configuration  
2 selection input by the first remote user includes at least one search parameter, and  
3 wherein said generating step (e) includes the steps of:

4                   executing a search query of data based on each search parameter to  
5 obtain a search result; and

6                   generating the first remote user-configured propagative poster,  
7 wherein the user-configured propagative poster includes the search result.



11 receiving inputs entered in the template, the inputs representing  
12 configuration selection inputs by the first remote user.

1 9. The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of serving data  
2 that enables a third configuration screen to be displayed that includes the first  
3 remote user-configured propagative poster; whereby the first remote user can  
4 verify that the first remote user-configured propagative poster is acceptable.

1 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the Web code segment comprises  
2 a HTML code segment that enables a browser to display the first remote user-  
3 configured propagative poster; and said forwarding step (d) comprises serving data  
4 that enables a fourth configuration screen to be displayed that includes the HTML  
5 code segment; whereby the first remote user can copy the HTML code segment  
6 from the fourth configuration screen displayed in the browser.

1 11. The method of claim 1, wherein said forwarding step (d) comprises  
2 automatically inserting the Web code segment into the Web page of the first remote  
3 user.

1 12. The method of claim 1, wherein said generating step (b) includes  
2 generating a unique poster number.

1 13. The method of claim 1, wherein said generating step (b) includes the  
2 steps of:  
3 passing a respective private key and a unique poster number of the  
4 first remote user through a hash function to obtain a secure fingerprint.

1 14. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of storing  
2 propagative poster records that include information related to respective generated  
3 user-configured propagative posters.



1           15.     The method of claim 14, wherein said storing step comprises storing  
2 propagative poster records that have at least the following fields of information  
3 related to respective generated user-configured propagative posters: a propagative  
4 poster identifier, a bit map, a Web code segment, an executable code, search  
5 parameters, active/inactive flag, and originator profile data.

1           16.     The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of tracking  
2 URL addresses of servers with Web pages that contain propagative posters.

1           17.     The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of determining  
2 whether a valid propagative poster identifier is received when a remote user  
3 attempts to access the first remote user-configured propagative poster.

1           18.     The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:  
2                    converting a pair of screen space coordinates of a user input  
3 selection to a pair of coordinates (x,y) in bitmap space; and at least one of  
4                    determining whether the x,y coordinates in bit map space  
5 correspond to an input portion of the first remote-user configured propagative  
6 poster that enables a second remote user to make another propagative poster, and  
7                    displaying detailed information from the host site related to  
8 summary information given by the pair of coordinates.

1           19.     The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:  
2                    setting a flag to indicate whether the first remote user-configured  
3 propagative poster is active or inactive based on the number of accesses made by  
4 remote users; and  
5                    periodically executing code corresponding to the first remote user-  
6 configured propagative poster when the flag is set to active to generate an updated  
7 bitmap image of the active poster according to current data at the host site.

1           20. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of generating  
2 reports based on data in a plurality of propagative records corresponding to a  
3 respective plurality of remote user-configured propagative posters.

1           21. A system for propagating a poster of host site content to remote users  
2 over the World Wide Web, comprising:

3           (a) hosting means for hosting a configuration session that allows  
4 a first remote user to configure a propagative poster of host site content based on  
5 at least one configuration selection input by the remote user;

6           (b) first generating means for generating a propagative poster  
7 identifier that references the user-configured propagative poster;

8           (c) second generating means for generating a Web code  
9 segment that includes the propagative poster identifier and a link to the host site;  
10 and

11           (d) forwarding means for forwarding the generated Web code  
12 segment to the first remote user in real-time; whereby the generated Web code  
13 segment can be inserted into a Web page of the first remote user to create a first  
14 remote user-configured propagative poster on the Web page of the first remote  
15 user.

1           22. The system of claim 21, further comprising:

2           (e) third generating means for generating the first remote user-  
3 configured propagative poster in response to a subsequent hit on the first remote  
4 user Web page by a second remote user that selects at least a portion of the Web  
5 page of the first remote user corresponding to the generation process.

1           23. The system of claim 22, wherein the at least one configuration  
2 selection input by the first remote user includes at least one search parameter, and  
3 wherein said third generating means (e) includes:

4 means for executing a search query of data based on each search  
5 parameter to obtain a search result; and

6 means for generating the first remote user-configured propagative  
7 poster, wherein the user-configured propagative poster includes the search result.

1 24. The system of claim 23, wherein said search query executing means  
2 executes a search query of data at the host site based on each search parameter to  
3 obtain the search result.

1 25. The system of claim 22, further comprising means for displaying the  
2 generated first remote user-configured propagative poster in a overlay window  
3 within a display view of a browser of the second remote user.

1 26. The system of claim 22, further comprising means for hosting a  
2 second configuration session that allows the second remote user to configure a  
3 second remote-user configured propagative poster of host site content based on at  
4 least one configuration selection input by the second remote user.

1 27. The system of claim 26, wherein the first remote user-configured  
2 propagative poster includes an input portion that enables a second remote user to  
3 make another propagative poster; and further comprising means for initiating said  
4 second configuration session hosting means in response to a selection of the input  
5 portion by the second remote user.

1 28. The system of claim 21, wherein said first hosting means (a)  
2 includes:

3 means for serving data that enables a first configuration screen to  
4 be displayed that includes images of different types of sample posters that can be  
5 configured by a user;

6 means for receiving a selection by the first remote user that  
7 identifies one selected type of sample poster;

8 means for serving data that enables a second configuration screen  
9 to be displayed that has a template for the first remote user to configure the  
10 selected type of sample poster; and

11 means for receiving inputs entered in the template, the inputs  
12 representing configuration selection inputs by the first remote user.

1 29. The system of claim 28, further comprising means for serving data  
2 that enables a third configuration screen to be displayed that includes the first  
3 remote user-configured propagative poster; whereby the first remote user can  
4 verify that the first remote user-configured propagative poster is acceptable.

1 30. The system of claim 29, wherein the Web code segment comprises  
2 a HTML code segment that enables a browser to display the first remote user-  
3 configured propagative poster; and said forwarding means (d) comprises means for  
4 serving data that enables a fourth configuration screen to be displayed that includes  
5 the HTML code segment; whereby the first remote user can copy the HTML code  
6 segment from the fourth configuration screen displayed in the browser.

1 31. The system of claim 21, wherein said forwarding means (d)  
2 comprises automatically inserting the Web code segment into the Web page of the  
3 first remote user.

1 32. The system of claim 21, wherein said first generating means (b)  
2 includes means for generating a unique poster number.

1 33. The system of claim 21, wherein said first generating means (b)  
2 includes:

3 means for passing a respective private key and a unique poster  
4 number of the first remote user through a hash function to obtain a secure  
5 fingerprint.

1 34. The system of claim 21, further comprising means for storing  
2 propagative poster records that include information related to respective generated  
3 user-configured propagative posters.

1 35. The system of claim 34, wherein said storing means comprises  
2 storing propagative poster records that have at least the following fields of  
3 information related to respective generated user-configured propagative posters:  
4 a propagative poster identifier, a bit map, a non-executable Web code segment, an  
5 executable code, search parameters, active/inactive flag, and originator profile data.

1 36. The system of claim 21, further comprising means for tracking URL  
2 addresses of servers with Web pages that contain propagative posters.

1 37. The system of claim 21, further comprising means for determining  
2 whether a valid propagative poster identifier is received when a remote user  
3 attempts to access the first remote user-configured propagative poster.

1           38.    The system of claim 21, further comprising:  
2                    means for converting a pair of screen space coordinates of a user  
3 input selection to a pair of coordinates (x,y) in bitmap space; and  
4                    means for determining whether the x,y coordinates in bit map space  
5 correspond to an input portion of the first remote-user configured propagative  
6 poster that enables a second remote user to make another propagative poster.

1           39.    The system of claim 21, further comprising:  
2                    means for setting a flag to indicate whether the first remote user-  
3 configured propagative poster is active or inactive based on the number of accesses  
4 made by remote users; and  
5                    means for periodically executing code corresponding to the first  
6 remote user-configured propagative poster when the flag is set to active to obtain  
7 an updated bitmap image of the active poster according to current data at the host  
8 site.

1           40.    The system of claim 21, further comprising means for generating  
2 reports based on data in a plurality of propagative records corresponding to a  
3 respective plurality of remote user-configured propagative posters.

1           41.    A system for managing propagation of host site content to remote  
2 users over the World Wide Web, comprising:  
3                    a propagative poster configuration module that hosts a  
4 configuration session that allows a first remote user to configure a propagative  
5 poster of host site content based on at least one configuration selection input by the  
6 remote user; and  
7                    a propagative poster generator that generates a propagative poster  
8 identifier and a Web code segment, wherein the propagative poster identifier  
9 references the user-configured propagative poster the Web code segment includes  
10 the propagative poster identifier and a link to the host site, and forwards the

11 generated Web code segment to the first remote user in real-time; whereby the  
12 generated Web code segment can be inserted into a Web page of the first remote  
13 user to create a first remote user-configured propagative poster on the Web page  
14 of the first remote user.

1 42. The system of claim 41, wherein said propagative poster generator  
2 further generates the first remote user-configured propagative poster in response  
3 to a subsequent hit on the first remote user Web page by a second remote user that  
4 selects at least a portion of the Web page of the first remote user corresponding to  
5 the generated Web code segment.

1 43. The system of claim 42, wherein the at least one configuration  
2 selection input by the first remote user includes at least one search parameter, and  
3 wherein said propagative poster generator executes a search query of data in a  
4 database based on each search parameter to obtain a search result, and generates  
5 the first remote user-configured propagative poster, wherein the user-configured  
6 propagative poster includes the search result.

1 44. The system of claim 42, wherein said propagative poster  
2 configuration module further hosts a second configuration session that allows the  
3 second remote user to configure a second remote-user configured propagative  
4 poster of host site content based on at least one configuration selection input by the  
5 second remote user.

1 45. The system of claim 41, wherein said propagative poster  
2 configuration module serves data that enables a first configuration screen to be  
3 displayed that includes images of different types of sample posters that can be  
4 configured by a user, receives a selection by the first remote user that identifies one  
5 selected type of sample poster, serves data that enables a second configuration  
6 screen to be displayed that has a template for the first remote user to configure the

7 selected type of sample poster, and receives inputs entered in the template, the  
8 inputs representing configuration selection inputs by the first remote user.

1 46. The system of claim 45, wherein said propagative poster  
2 configuration module serves data of serving data that enables a third configuration  
3 screen to be displayed that includes the first remote user-configured propagative  
4 poster; whereby the first remote user can verify in real-time that the first remote  
5 user-configured propagative poster is acceptable.

1 47. The system of claim 41, wherein said propagative poster generator  
2 generates a unique poster number.

1 48. The system of claim 41, wherein said propagative poster generator  
2 further comprises a hash function generator that receives a respective private key  
3 and a unique poster number, and outputs a secure fingerprint; and wherein said  
4 propagative poster generator concatenates the secure fingerprint and the URL of  
5 the first remote user to obtain the propagative poster identifier.

1 49. The system of claim 41, further comprising:  
2 a storage device that stores at least the following fields of  
3 information related to respective generated user-configured propagative posters:  
4 a propagative poster identifier, a bit map, a Web code segment, and an executable  
5 code.

1 50. The system of claim 41, further comprising:  
2 a database that stores propagative poster records that include  
3 information related to respective generated user-configured propagative posters.



1           51.    The system of claim 50, further comprising a propagative poster  
2 tracker that tracks URL addresses of remote users accessing the first remote user-  
3 configured propagative poster.

1           52.    The system of claim 51, further comprising a propagative poster  
2 maintenance module that generates reports based on propagative poster records  
3 and data tracked by the propagative poster tracker.

1           53.    A computer program product comprising a computer useable  
2 medium having computer program logic recorded thereon for enabling at least one  
3 processor to manage propagation of host site content to remote users over the  
4 World Wide Web in real-time over the World Wide Web (WWW), said computer  
5 program logic comprising:

6                   first computer readable program code means for enabling said at  
7 least one processor to host a configuration session that allows a first remote user  
8 to configure a propagative poster of host site content based on at least one  
9 configuration selection input by the remote user;

10                  second computer readable program code means for enabling said at  
11 least one processor to generate a propagative poster identifier that references the  
12 user-configured propagative poster;

13                  third computer readable program code means for enabling said at  
14 least one processor to generate a Web code segment that includes the propagative  
15 poster identifier and a link to the host site; and

16                  fourth computer readable program code means for enabling said at  
17 least one processor to forward the generated Web code segment to the first remote  
18 user in real-time; whereby the generated Web code segment can be inserted into a  
19 Web page of the first remote user to create a first remote user-configured  
20 propagative poster on the Web page of the first remote user.

1           54.     A system for managing propagation of host site content to remote  
2 users over the World Wide Web, comprising:  
3                 a Web server;  
4                 a server;  
5                 a storage device coupled between said server and said Web server,  
6 said storage devices stores at least data related to respective generated user-  
7 configured propagative posters: a propagative poster identifier, a bit map, a Web  
8 code segment, and an executable code;  
9                 a database coupled between said server and said Web server, said  
10 database stores propagative poster records that include user profile and tracking  
11 information related to respective generated user-configured propagative posters;  
12                 wherein said server further comprises:  
13                 a propagative poster configuration module that hosts a  
14 configuration session that allows a first remote user to configure a propagative  
15 poster of host site content based on at least one configuration selection input by the  
16 remote user;  
17                 a propagative poster generator that generates a propagative poster  
18 identifier and a Web code segment, wherein the propagative poster identifier  
19 references the user-configured propagative poster the Web code segment includes  
20 the propagative poster identifier and a link to the host site, and forwards the  
21 generated Web code segment to the first remote user in real-time;  
22                 a propagative poster tracker that tracks URL addresses of remote  
23 servers accessing the first remote user-configured propagative poster; and  
24                 a propagative poster maintenance module that generates reports  
25 based on propagative poster records and data tracked by the propagative poster  
26 tracker.

1           55.     The system of claim 54, wherein said server comprises a CGI server.

**Method, System, and Computer Program Product for  
Propagating Remotely Configurable Posters  
of Host Site Content**

***Abstract of the Disclosure***

5           A method, system, and computer program product for propagating access  
to host site content to remote users over the World Wide Web are provided.  
Access to host site content is distributed more widely and easily through  
propagative posters. Remote users can access a host site and configure  
propagative posters in real-time. A Web code segment corresponding to a  
10       configured propagative poster is then generated and sent to the remote user in real-  
time. A remote user can easily cut and paste the generated Web code segment into  
the user's remote Web page. Alternatively, the generated Web code segment can  
be automatically inserted into the user's remote Web page if access rights to write  
on the Web page are available. In one embodiment, a propagation poster manager  
15       is provided for managing propagation posters of host site content to remote users  
over the World Wide Web. The propagation poster manager includes a  
propagative poster configuration module and a propagative poster generator. The  
propagative poster configuration module hosts a configuration session that allows  
a remote user to configure a propagative poster of host site content based on at  
20       least one configuration selection input by the remote user. The propagative poster  
generator generates and forwards the propagative poster identifier and the Web  
code segment to the remote user in real-time.

A275-01.wp2

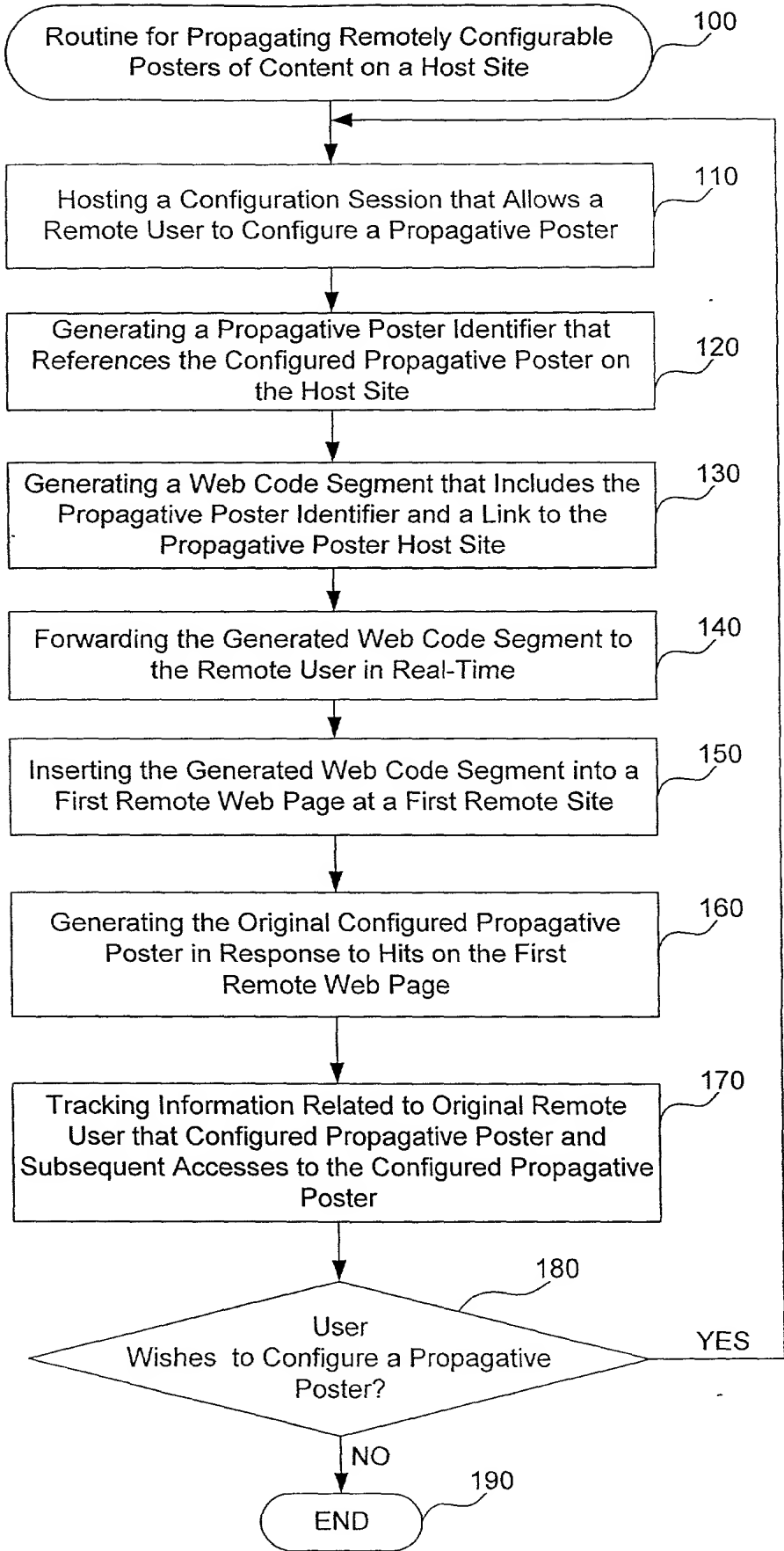


FIG. 1

210

# Poster Creation

step 1 of 3  
Choose one...

Jobs at icPlanet			
Title	Company	Start Date	Location
Windows Internet App	Microsoft	2/23/2000	
Internet Programmer	Microsoft	2/23/2000	
Director, Internet S	IBM	2/23/2000	RedmondCA
Web Developer	IBM	2/23/2000	RedmondCA
Junior Engineer	IBM	2/23/2000	RedmondCA
CLICK HERE TO GET AN icPLANET WINDOW FOR YOUR SITE			

Resumes at icPlanet			
User Name	Start Date	Yrs Experience	Location
Larzan	2/23/2000	4	San Francisco, CA
Anessia	2/23/2000	3	Atlanta, GA
Mathew	2/23/2000	6	Atlanta, GA
CTDev	2/23/2000	1	Thousand Oaks, CA
CLICK HERE TO GET AN icPLANET WINDOW FOR YOUR SITE			

SEARCH

CLICK HERE TO GET AN icPLANET SEARCH BUTTON FOR YOUR SITE

~~SEARCH~~ WINDOW

CLICK HERE TO GET AN icPLANET WINDOW FOR YOUR SITE

FIG. 2A

110

step 2 of 3

Please configure your Data Window criteria below.

Window Title:

Job Function:

Industry:

City:

State:

230

008740" 9427550

Finish

Here's What it looks like:

Bob's Job list				Planet
Title	Company	Start Date	Location	
Test	Calchiro.com	3/13/2000	Tiburon, CA	
Test	Calchiro.com	3/13/2000	Tiburon, CA	
Test	Calchiro.com	3/13/2000	Tiburon, CA	
Test	Calchiro.com	3/13/2000	Tiburon, CA	
Test	Calchiro.com	3/13/2000	Tiburon, CA	
CLICK HERE TO GET AN iPLANET WIDOW FOR YOUR SITE				

### Requirements:

1. An existing web page.
2. A program to open it and look at the source code such as WordPad (PC) or Simple Text (Mac).
3. A way to copy the web page out to the internet when you are done.

FIG. 2C

### The HTML Code:

```
<A HREF="http://sandbox.icplanet.com/test/pvg/maps/0009.map">  
<IMG SRC="http://sandbox.icplanet.com/test/pvg/imgs/chart1.gif" border="0" ISMAP>  
</A>
```

Select the blue text from the box above and copy it into your computer's clipboard. You do this by selecting the text with your mouse, going to the **EDIT** menu at the top of your browser window, and selecting the **COPY** option within the menu.

### Inserting The HTML Code:

It is important that you paste blue and red code from above between the body tags of your web page.

Open your HTML Document in a text or HTML editor. Scroll through the HTML source and locate the body tag, **<body ...>**, near the top of the web page. Remember this position because you will want to insert your code below this point. Find the **</body>** in the last two lines of your web page. You will want to insert your code above this point.

Select an area between the two **<body ...>** and **</body>** tags and paste the lines from your computer's clipboard. To do this:

1. Position the cursor in your HTML document at the point where you want to insert the Search Form
2. Go to the **EDIT** menu at the top of your text edit window
3. Select the **PASTE** option within the menu.

FIG. 2D

240



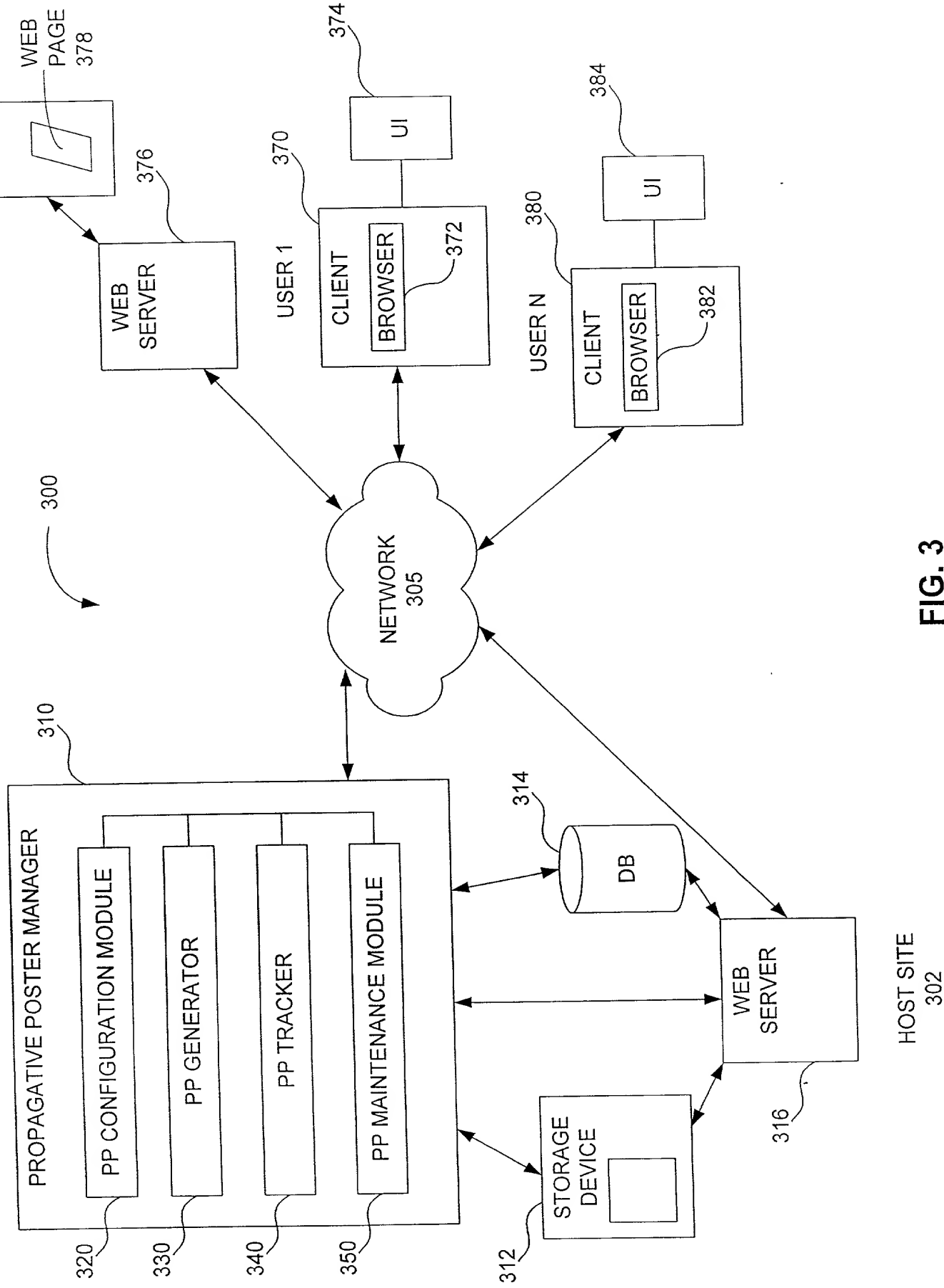


FIG. 3

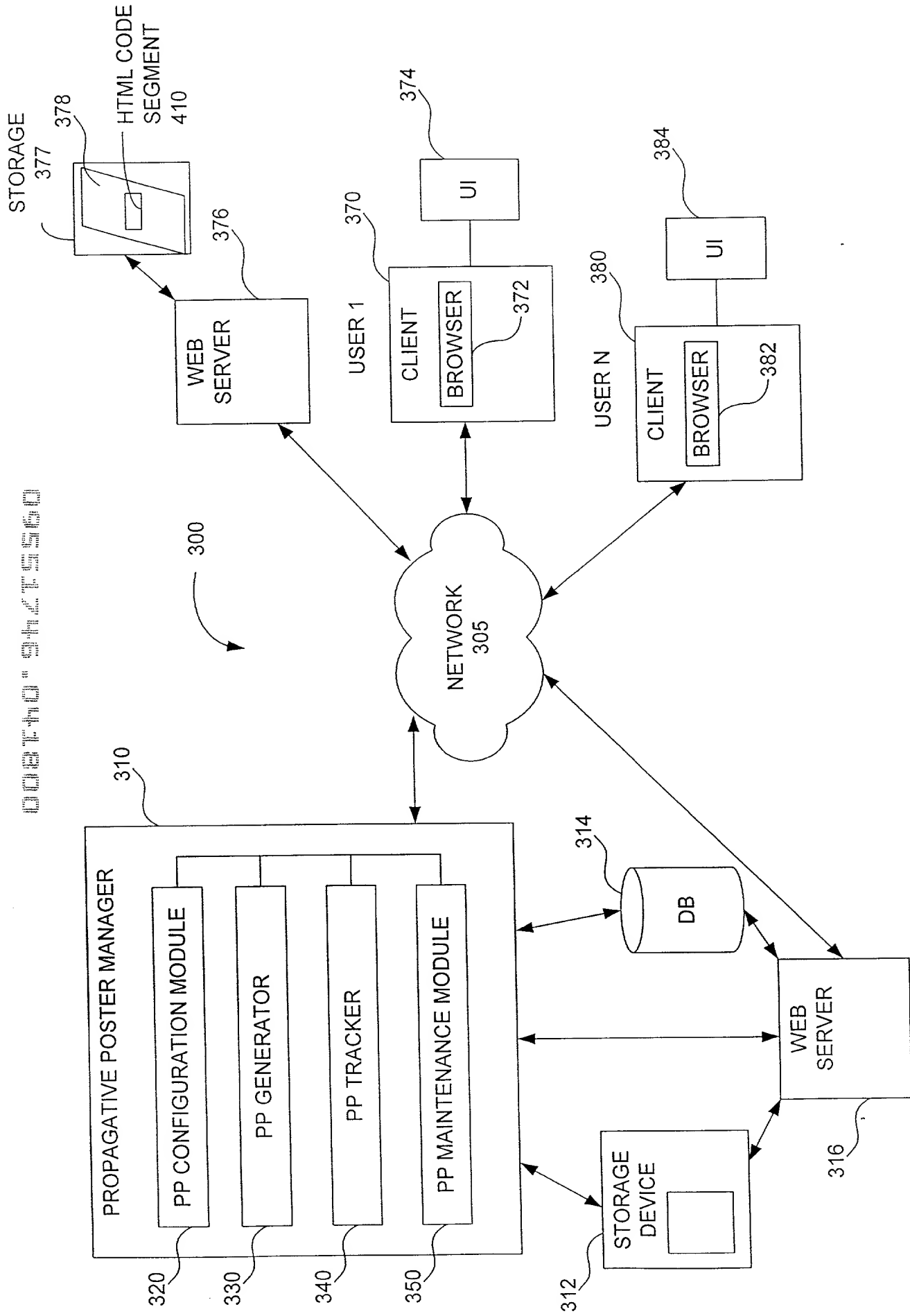
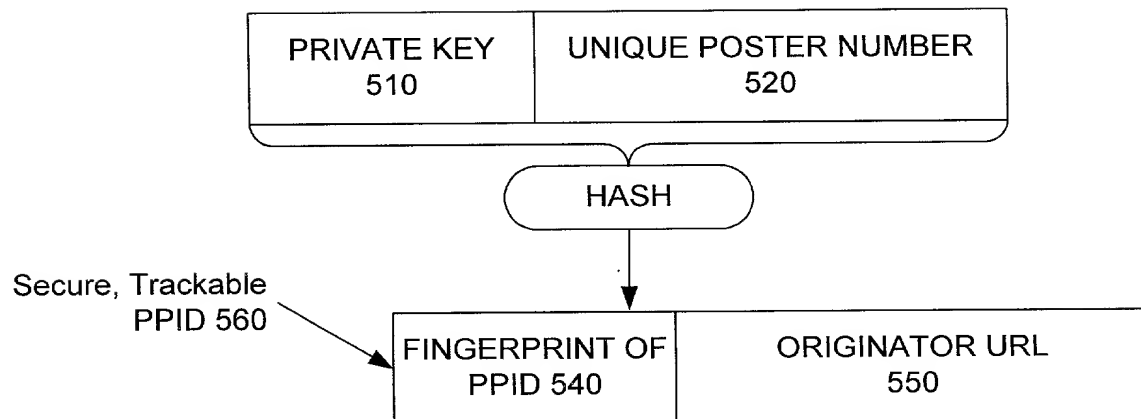


FIG. 4

0001-65.vsd/4



**FIG. 5**

0001-65.vsd/5

PPRECORD 600

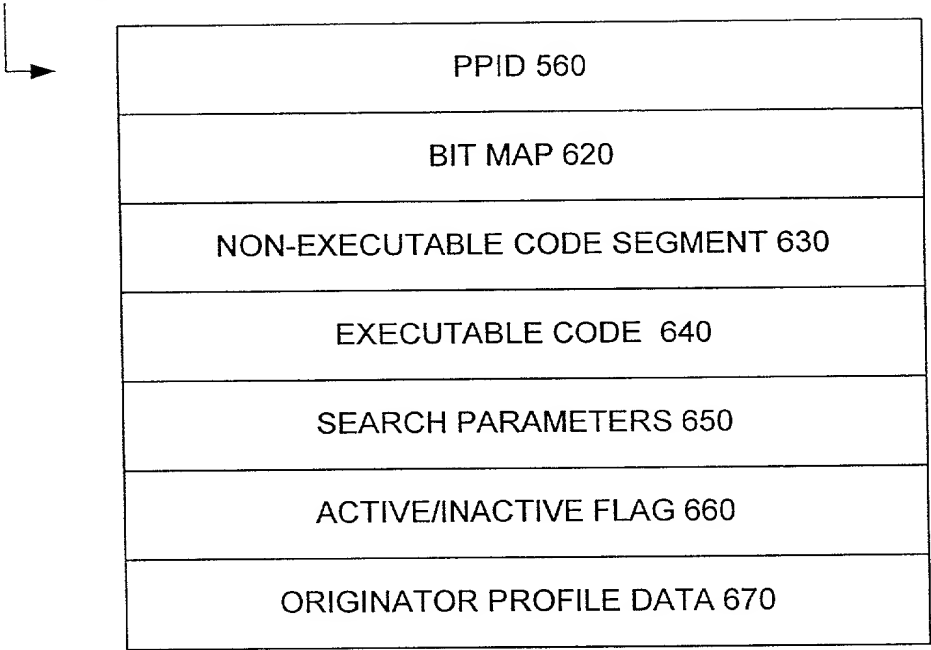


FIG. 6

650

CITY	ANNANDALE	STATE	VA	YEARS OF EXPERIENCE	6
P1	T1	P2	T2	P3	T3

FIG. 7

0001-65-04300

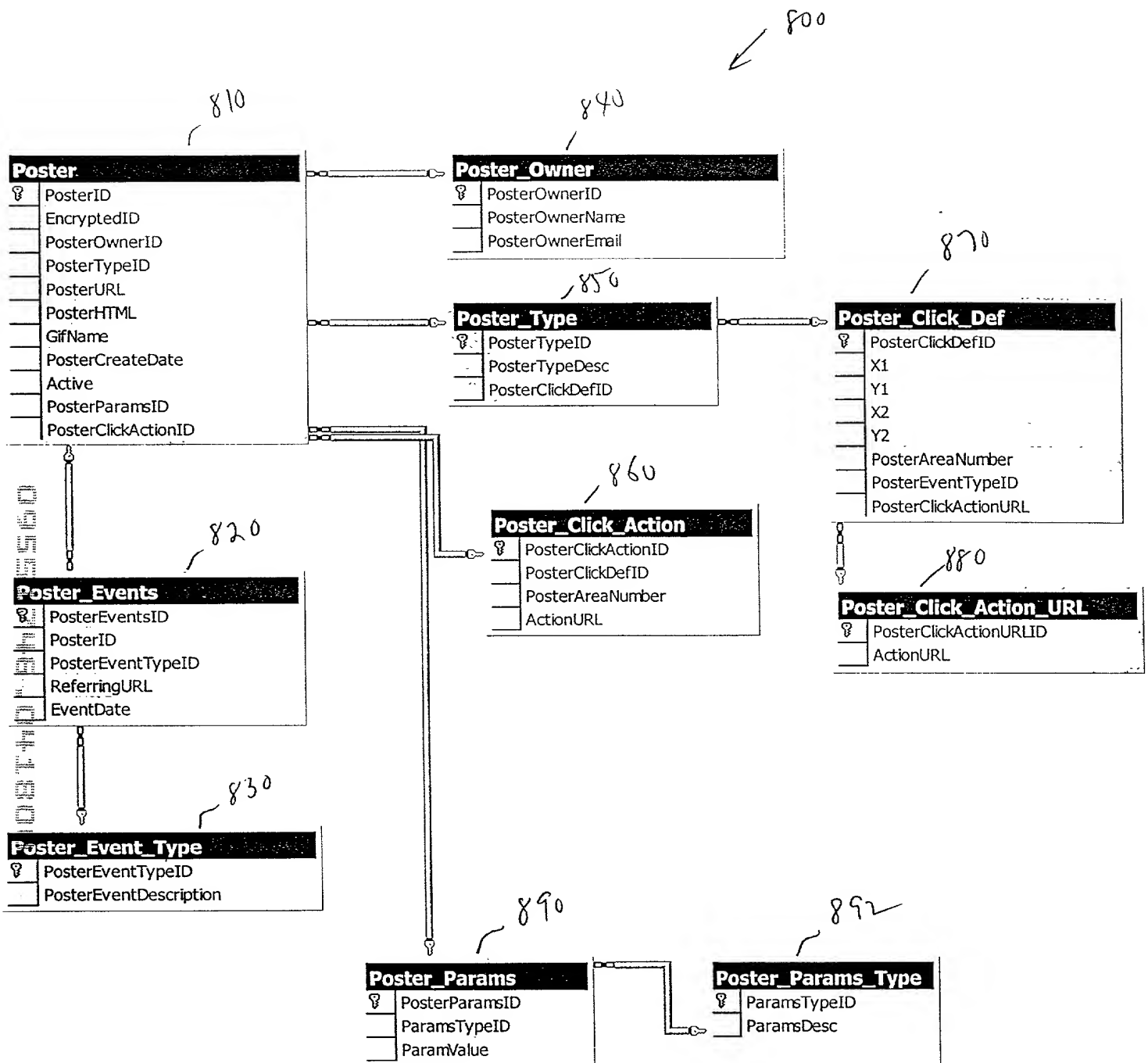
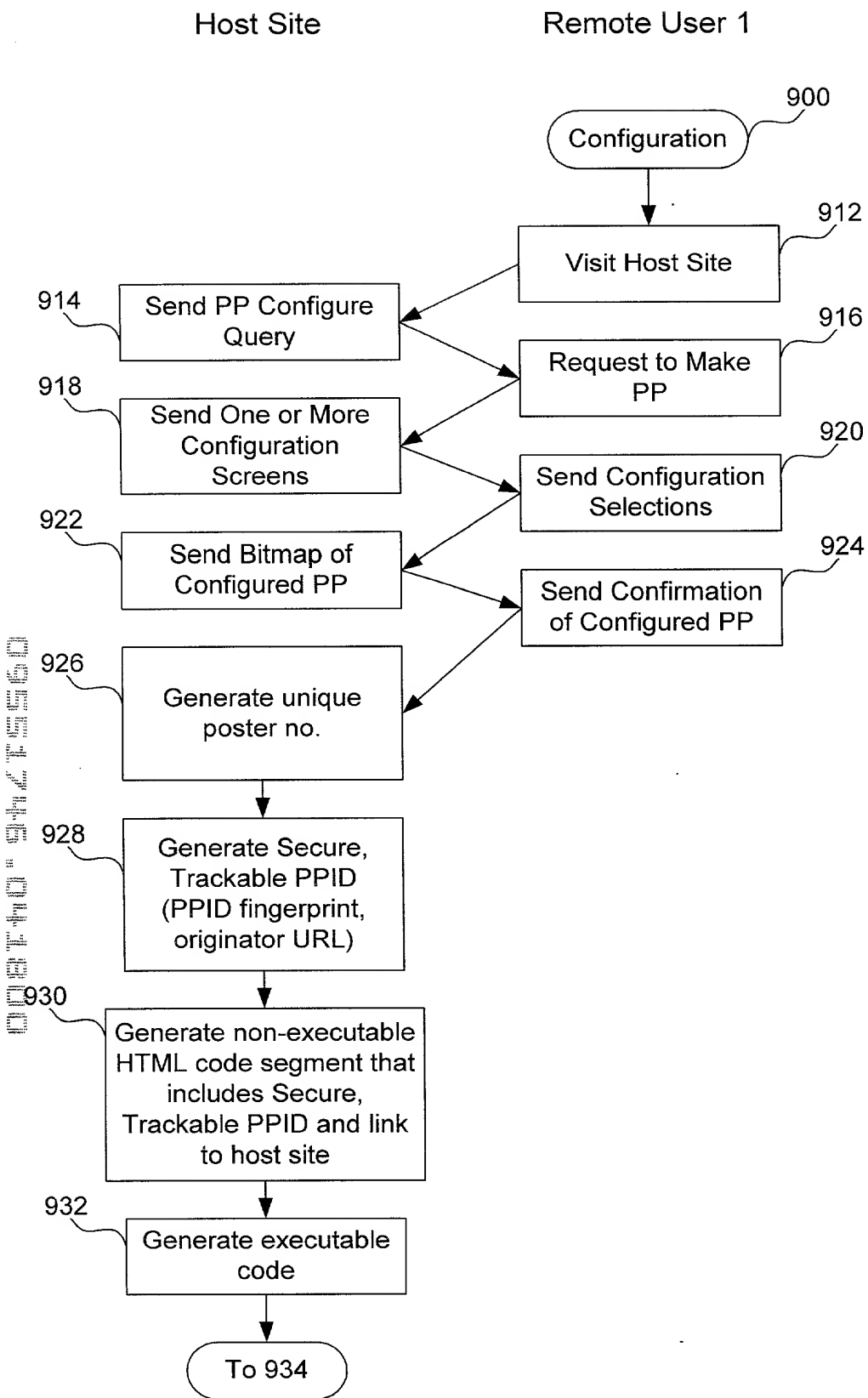
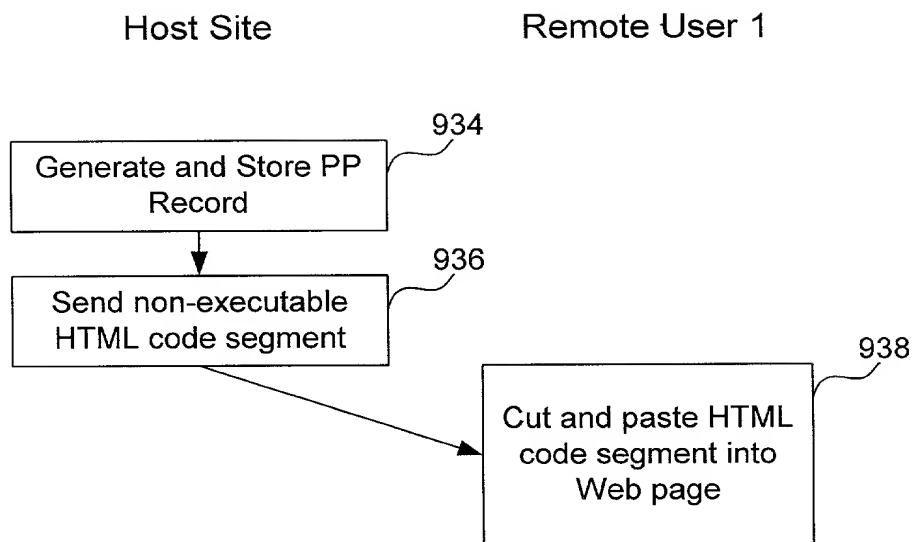


FIG. 8



**FIG. 9A**



**FIG. 9B**



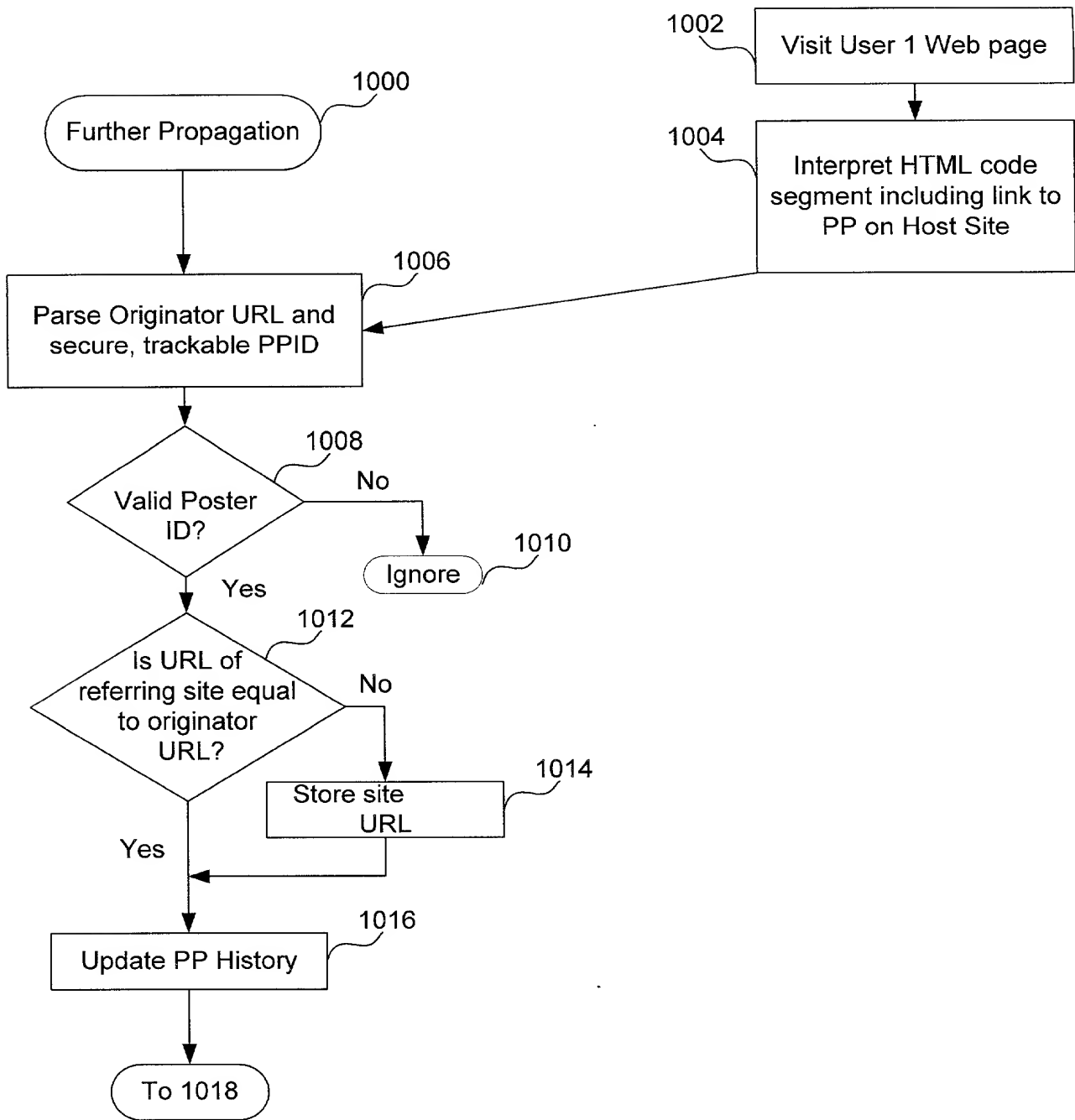


FIG. 10A

0001-65.vsd/10

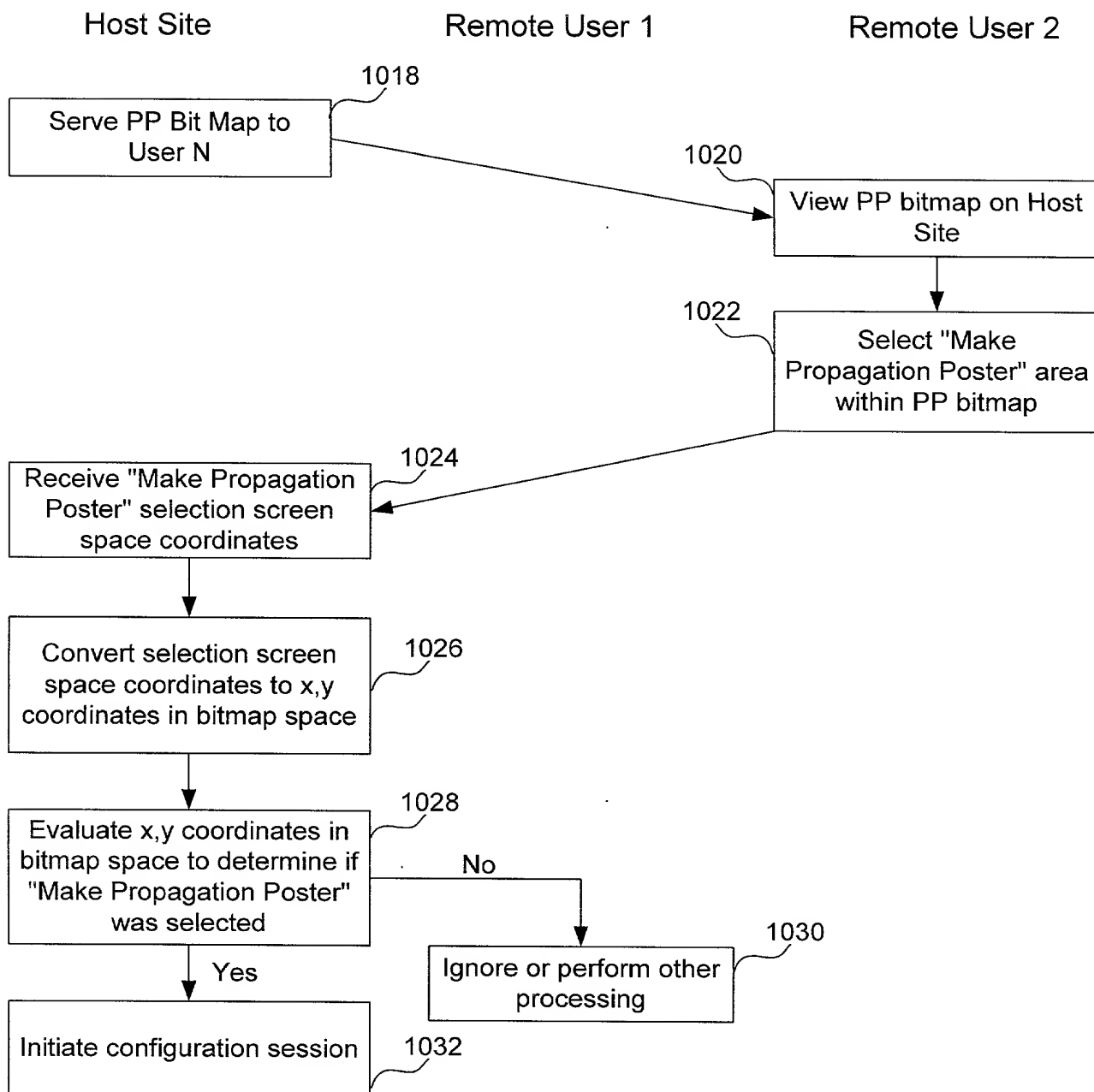
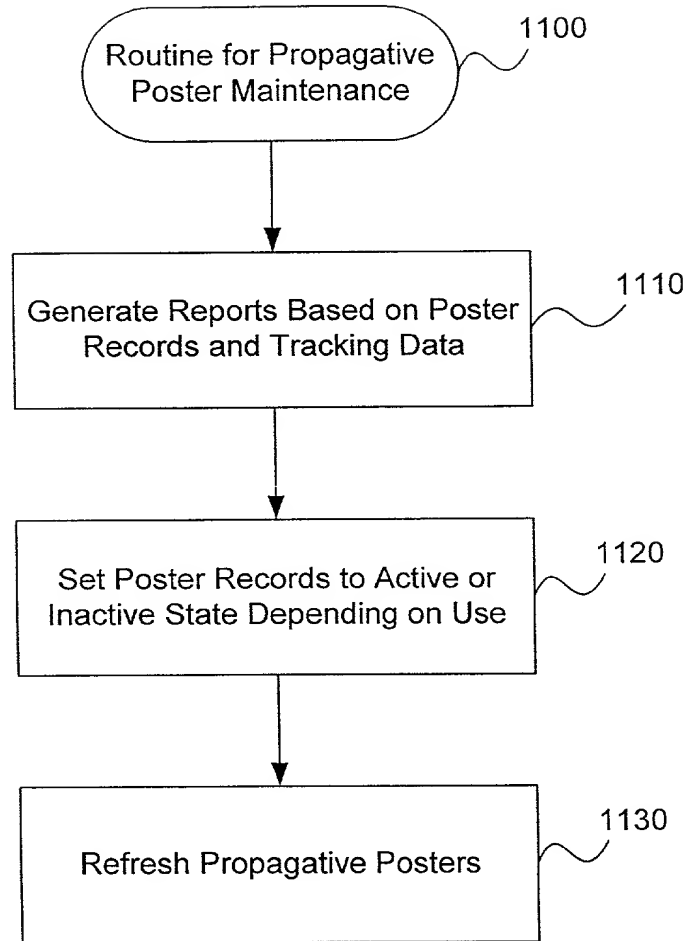


FIG. 10B



**FIG. 11**

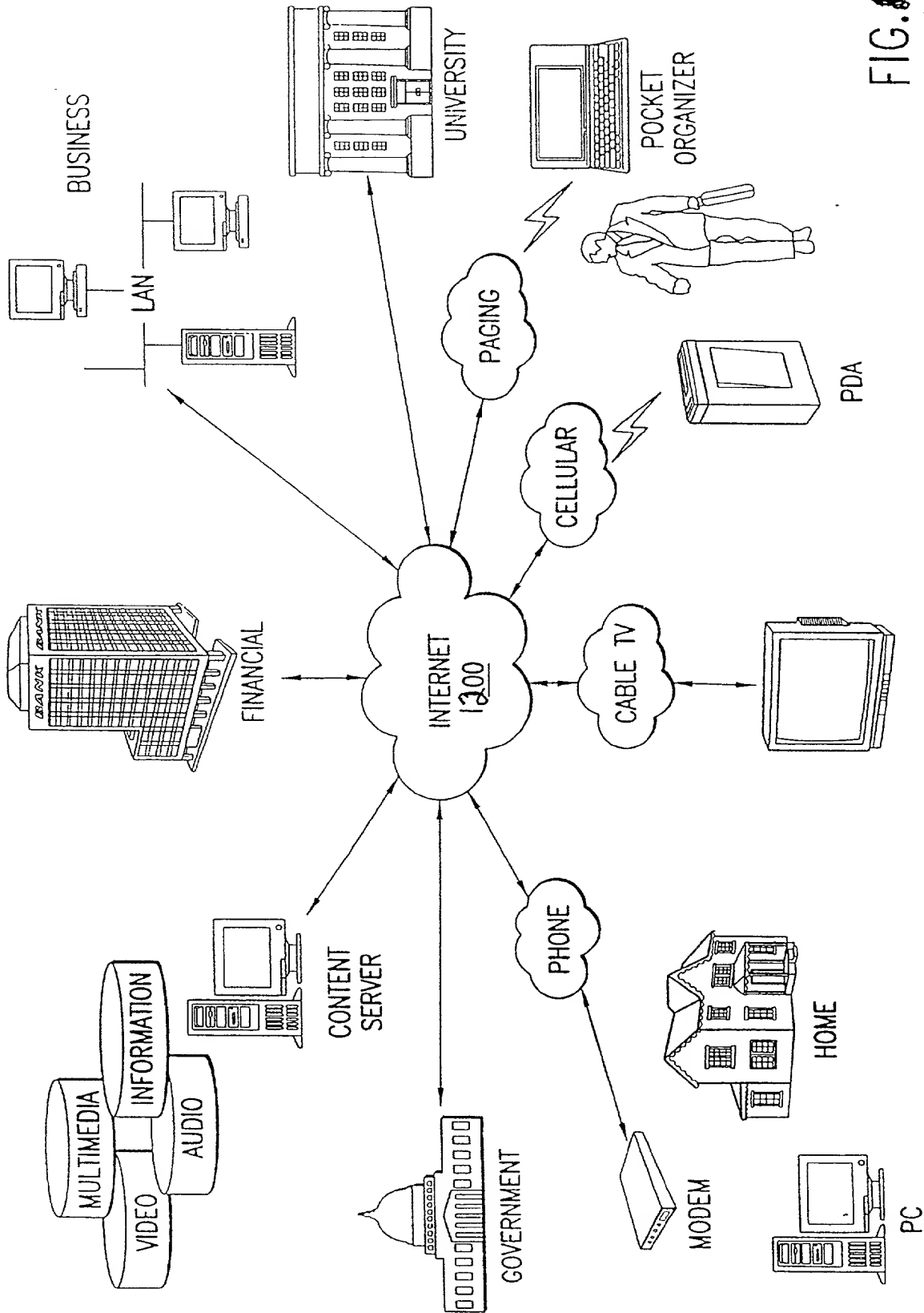


FIG. 12A

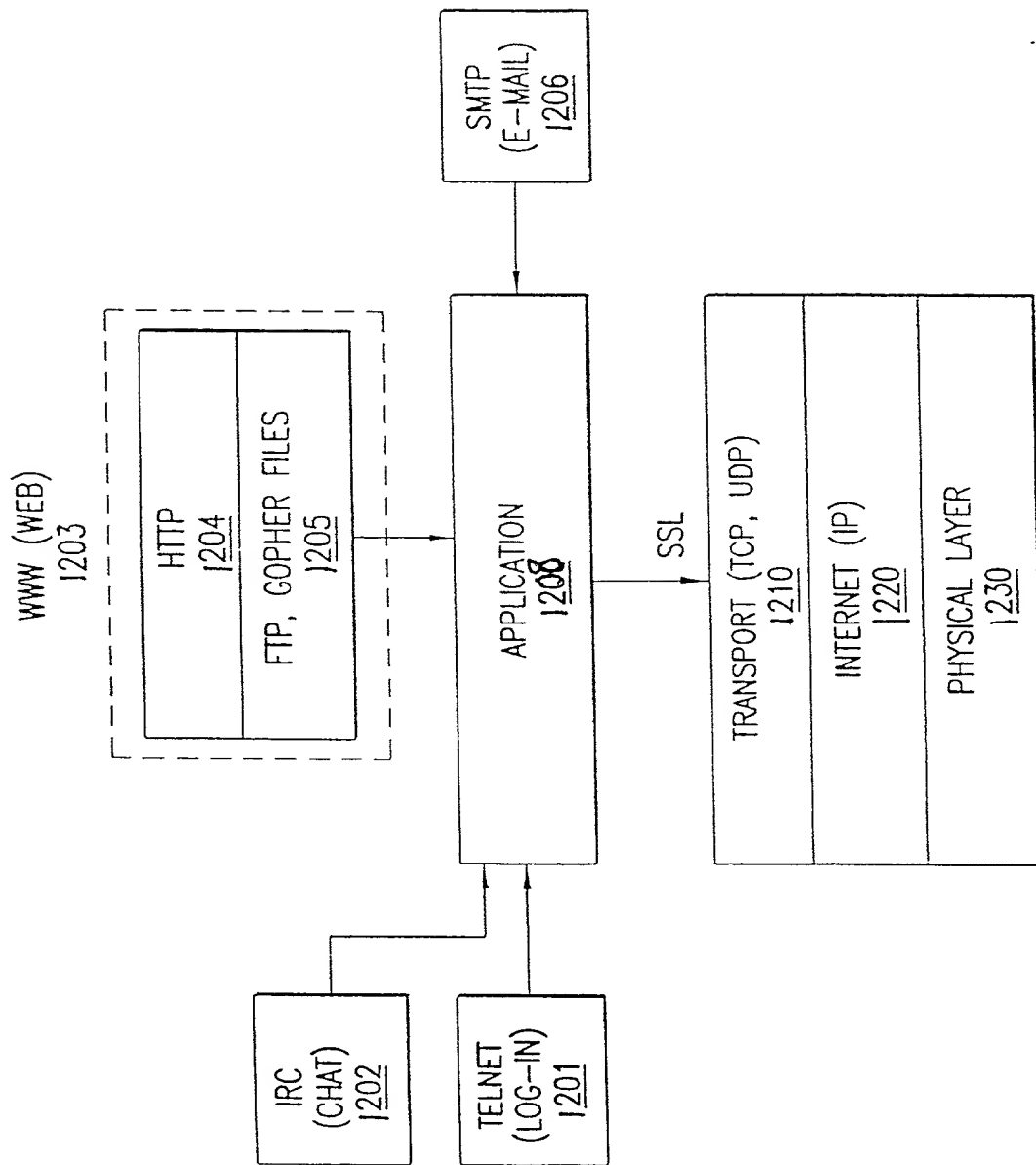


FIG. 12b

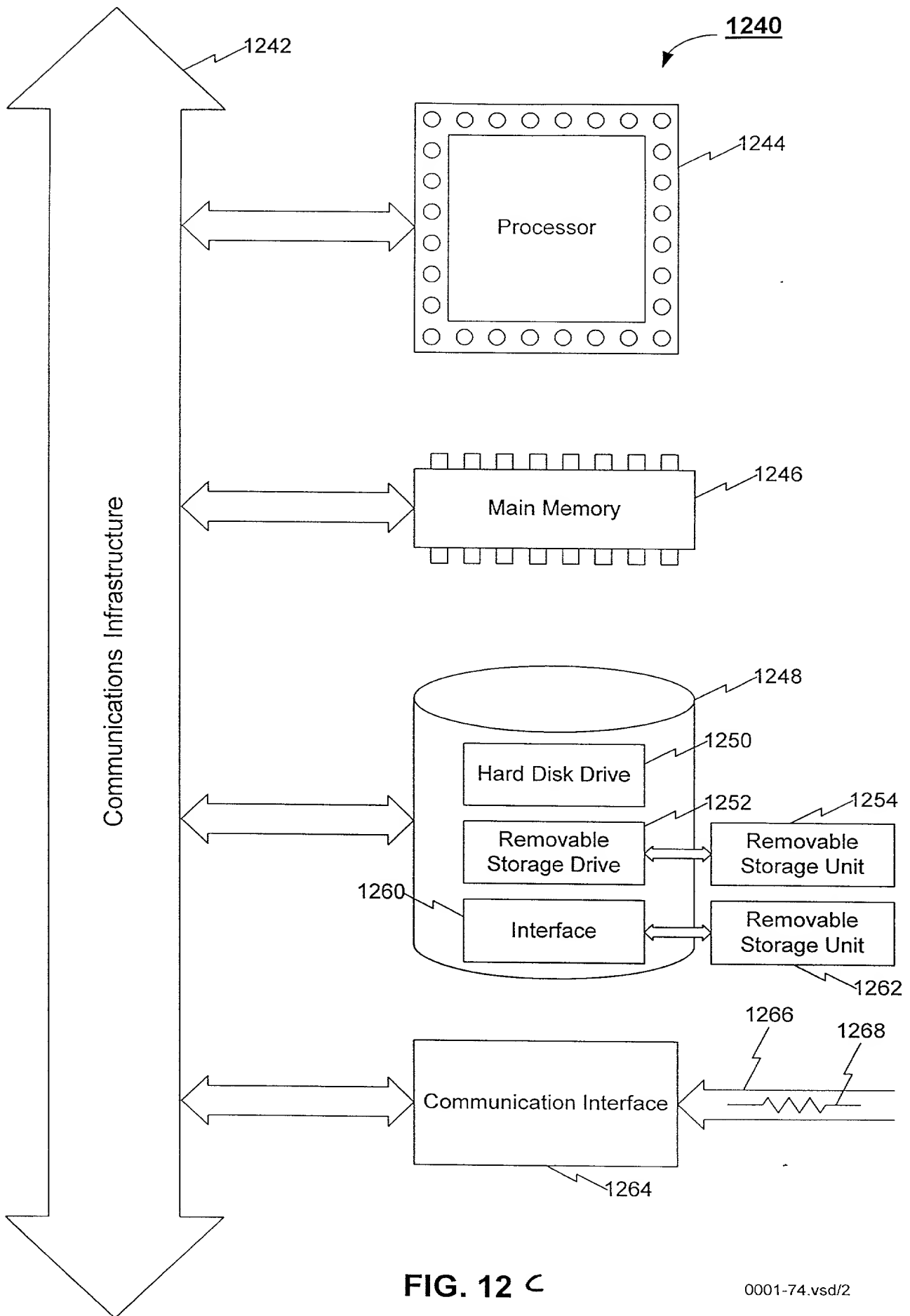


FIG. 12 C


[Google Search](#)
[Home](#)
[About Google](#)

## Linking to Google

If you would like to allow Google searches from your web page, we welcome you to use the code snippet below for that purpose.

You can make any reasonable modification to the snippet, such as taking out the centering code, making the text box wider or narrower, or changing the background color (note, however, that the background for the Google logo is white, not transparent).

Here is the code:

```
<!-- Search Google -->
<center>
<FORM method=GET action="http://www.google.com/search">
<TABLE bgcolor="#FFFFFF"><tr><td>
<A HREF="http://www.google.com/">
<IMG SRC="http://www.google.com/logos/Logo_40wht.gif" border="0" ALT="Googl
<INPUT TYPE=text name=q size=31 maxlength=255 value="">
<INPUT type=submit name=sa VALUE="Google Search">
</td></tr></TABLE>
</FORM>
</center>
<!-- Search Google -->
```

and here is what it looks like:



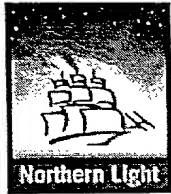
If you would like to customize the search results to include your logo and reflect the look of your site, try Google's [Free WebSearch](#) service.

If you prefer to place a link to Google's homepage on your web site, we have an [assortment of logo sizes](#) available for this purpose.

[Home](#) | [About](#) | [Jobs@Google](#) | [Contact Us](#)

©2000 Google Inc.

FIG. 13



[Simple Search](#) | [Power Search](#) | [Business Search](#) | [Investext Search](#) | [Stock Quotes](#) |

[About Us](#) || [Contacts](#) || [Jobs](#) || [Sales](#) || [Press](#)

## Linking to Northern Light

Adding a link to Northern Light from your web page is easy. Just follow these steps.

1. Choose one of the logo or search bar options from the list below.
  - o The logos provide a link to the Northern Light home page.
  - o The search bars allow you to perform a search on Northern Light directly from your Web page. Search the entire Northern Light database, or use one of the specialized search bars to narrow your search to focus on a particular subject area.
2. Cut the corresponding HTML for your choice and paste it into your Web page.

Images are linked directly from our site, so there's no need to take up any space on your server.

**Please Note:** If you use one of the following HTML excerpts, please e-mail **Customer Service** so that we can notify you when we make changes to our site which affect the link or logo display.

Go: Active logo

### Go: Active logo with Text

Go: Standard Search Bar

## Go: Power Search Bars

Go: Business Search Bars

Go: [WEFA Reports Search Bar](#)

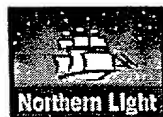
Go: Publication Search Bar

Email: [cs@NorthernLight.com](mailto:cs@NorthernLight.com)

### Active Logo

This example is simply the short logo.  
It is a link to Northern Light's main search page.

**Example:**



**HTML code:**

[http://www.northernlight.com/docs/allies\\_company\\_addnl.html](http://www.northernlight.com/docs/allies_company_addnl.html)

FIG. ~~10A~~ 14A 3/30/2000



Get: [HTML for the Active Logo](#)

### Active Logo with Text

This example is simply the short logo and a line of text underneath. Both are links to Northern Light's main search page. They are placed in a table to make the two elements a single discrete element that can be placed on your page.

Example:



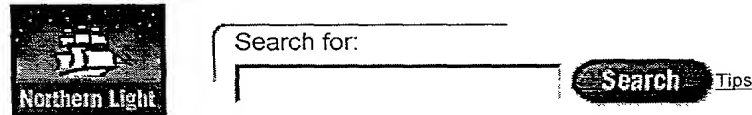
HTML code:

Get: [HTML for the Active Logo with Text](#)

### Northern Light Search Bar

Search Northern Light's entire database of Web and Special Collection information.

Example:



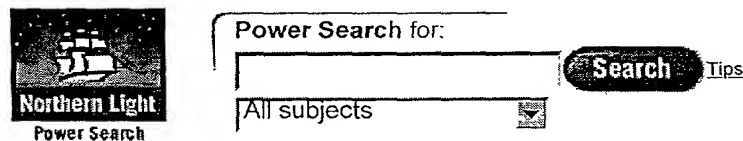
HTML code:

Get: [HTML for the Standard Search Bar](#)

### Power Search Pulldown Search Bar

A search bar with the option to search within one of Northern Light's Power Search subjects.

Example:



HTML code:

Get: [HTML for the Power Search Pulldown Bar](#)

FIG. 14B

```

<!--
***** ATTENTION *****
* To add this search bar to your web page copy
* the HTML below and paste it into any web page.
* This search bar is subject to the conditions of
* Northern Light's Terms of Service available at
* http://www.northernlight.com/docs/gen_help_tos.html *
*****
-->

<!-- CUT BELOW THIS LINE to add Northern Light's Search Bar -->

<table border=0>
<tr><td valign=top>
<a href="http://www.northernlight.com/">
<table border=0 cellpadding=0 cellspacing=0>
<form action="http://www.northernlight.com/nlquery.fcgi" method=get><input type=hid
<tr>
<td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3>
<td align="LEFT" valign="TOP">Search for:</font></td>
</tr>

<tr>
<td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3><td colspan=3>
<td align="middle"><input type="text" size=30 name="qr" maxsize=100 v
<td>&nbsp;</td>
<td><input name=sb type=image src="http://www.northernlight.com/docs/gif/btn_searc
<td><font size=1 face=arial,helvetica><a href="http://www.northernlight.com/docs/
</tr><tr>
<td align="left"><SELECT NAME=orl TITLE=source>
<OPTION>All Sources</OPTION>

<OPTION VALUE=2:1>World Wide Web</OPTION>
<OPTION VALUE="2:-1">Special Collection</OPTION>
<OPTION value="">- - - - -</option>
<OPTION VALUE=2:12818>Investext Reports</OPTION>
<OPTION VALUE=2:1648>WSJ Abstracts</OPTION>
<OPTION VALUE=2:6123>Business Week</OPTION>
<OPTION VALUE=2:439>Fortune</OPTION>
<OPTION VALUE=2:9>Newspapers, Wires & Transcripts</OPTION>
<OPTION VALUE=2:18519>College newspapers</OPTION>
<OPTION VALUE=2:18508>Broadcast News Transcripts</OPTION>
</SELECT></td>
</form>
</tr>
</form>
</table>
</td></tr></table>

<!-- END OF SEARCH BAR -->

```

FIG. 14C